

High pressure Xe gas TPC for $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay search :



Sei Ban

Kyoto University

For the AXEL collaboration



AXEL experiments

Prototype detector (1) : 10 L prototype

Prototype detector (2) : 180 L prototype

Future prospect

Summary



AXEL experiments

Prototype detector (1) : 10 L prototype

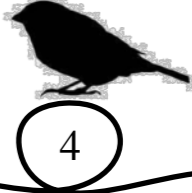
Prototype detector (2) : 180 L prototype

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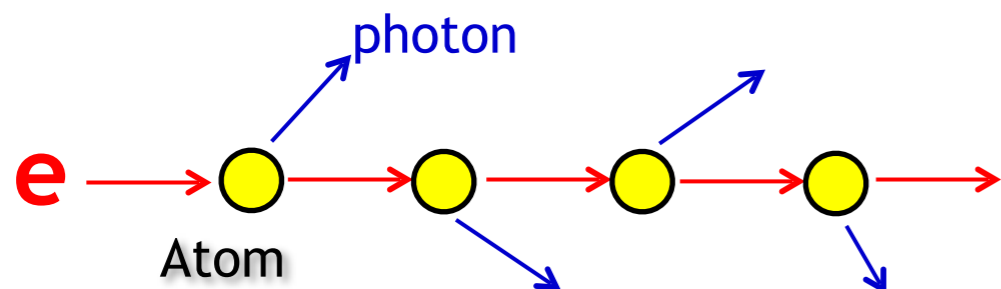
A Xe ElectroLuminescence : AXEL



High pressure Xe gas TPC with unique cell readout structure for $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay search

Readout Ionization signals

- Electroluminescence (EL) process



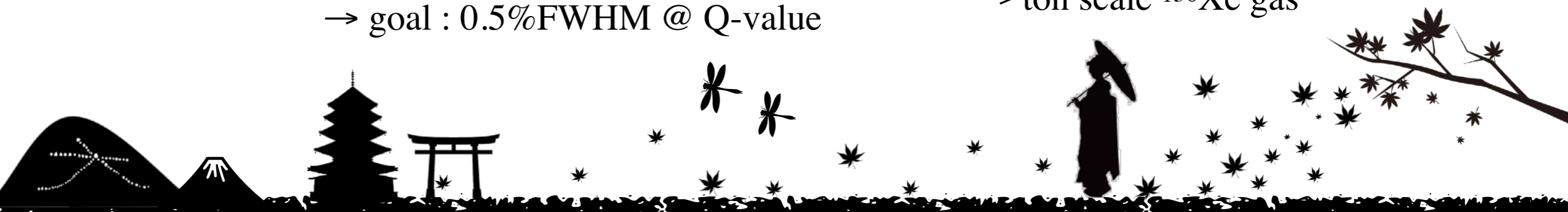
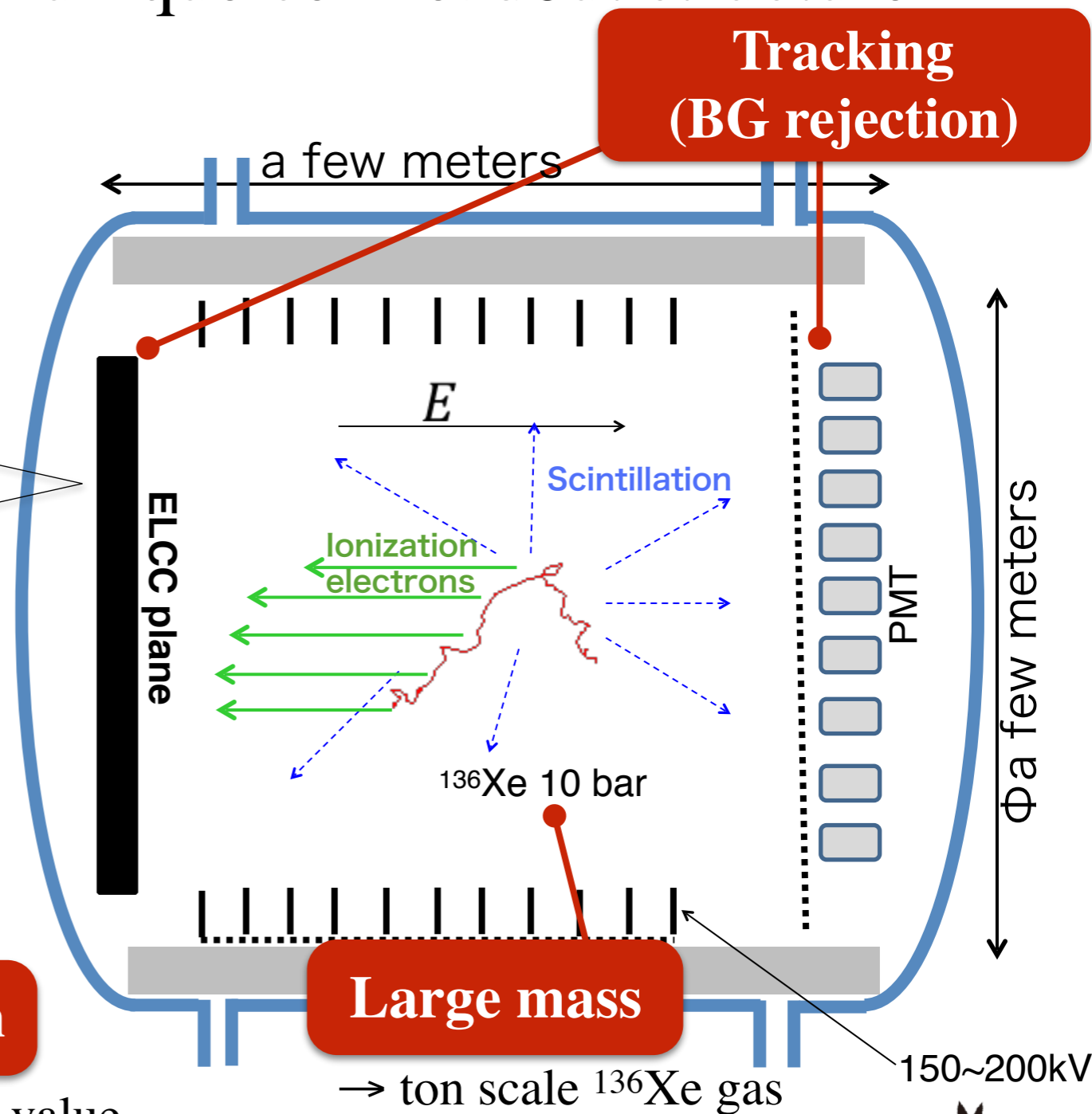
Linear response to applied electric field

Without avalanche process
→ less fluctuation of multiplication

Details are in the next page

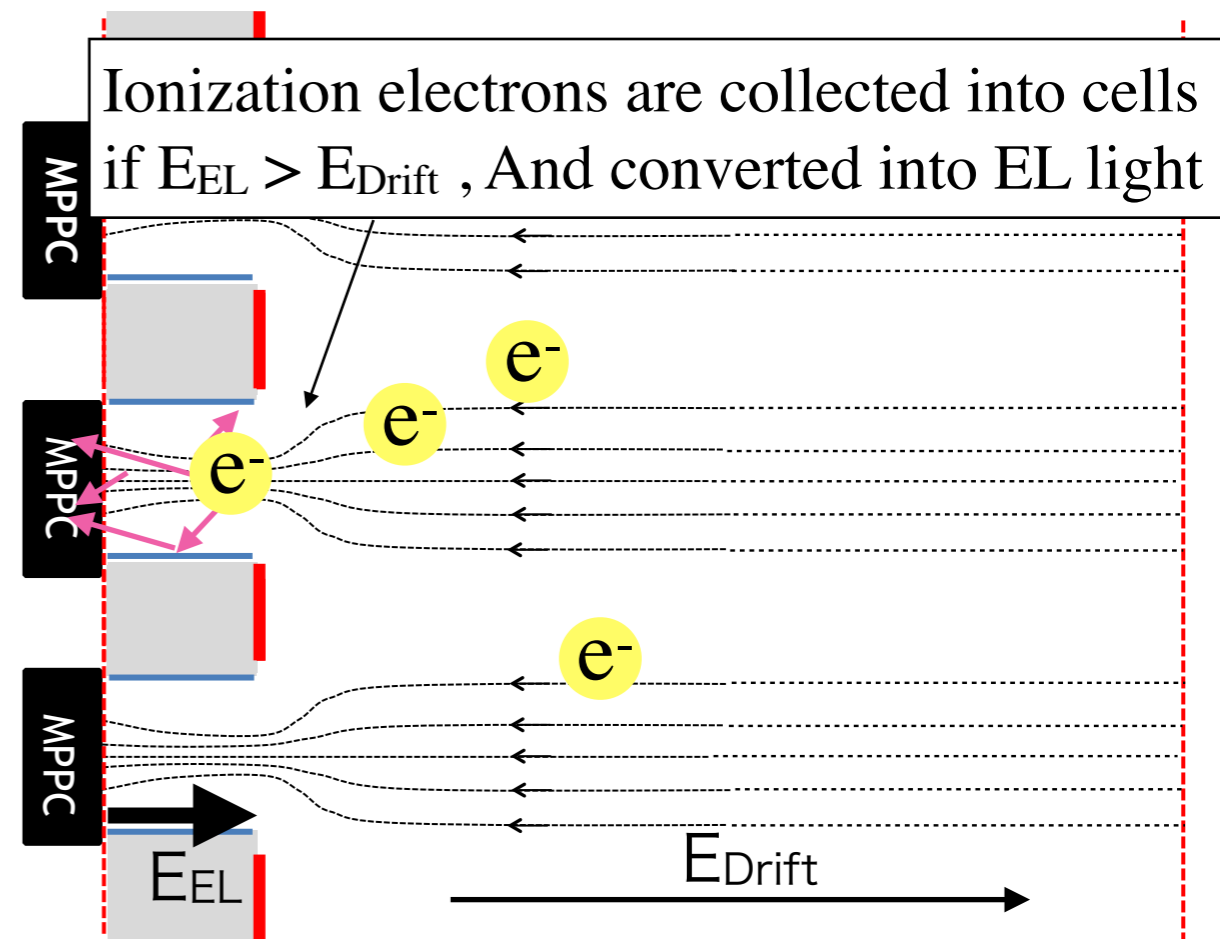
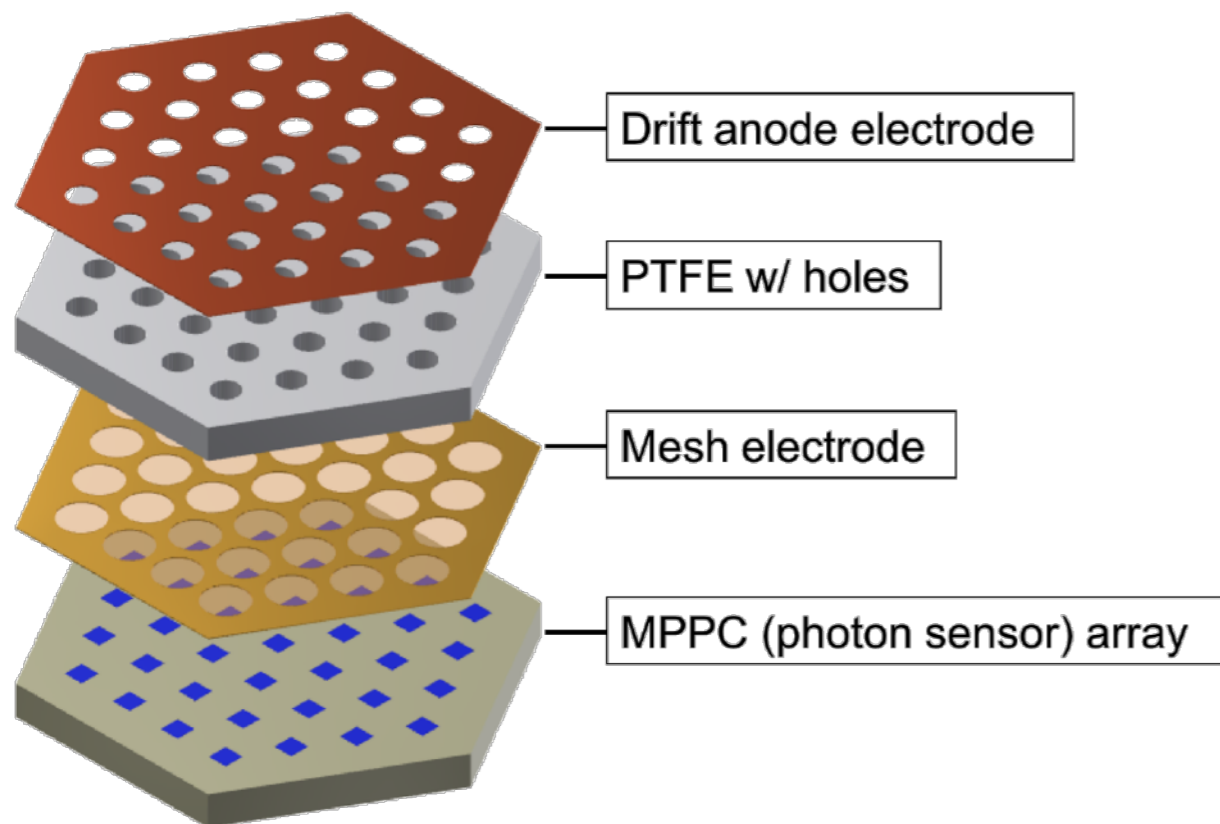
Good energy resolution

→ goal : 0.5%FWHM @ Q-value



Electroluminescence Light Collection Cell : ELCC

- Energy measurement and Tracking in each cells
- Uniform response to event position
- Extendable to large size because of its rigid structures

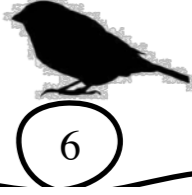


Simulation study of ELCC was done and presented in XeSAT2017

(https://indico.cern.ch/event/573069/sessions/230066/attachments/1440275/2217034/kisekinakamura_20170405_XeSAT.pdf)

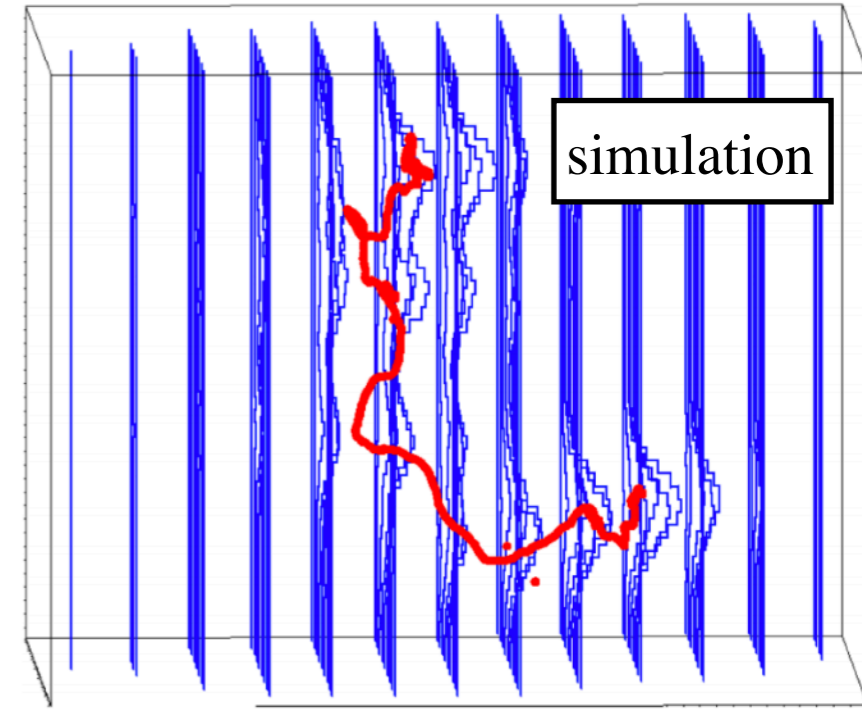


A Xe ElectroLuminescence : AXEL



Reconstruct the event topologies from hit pattern and wave form

- α and multi-site events are easily removed
- Photo absorption of gamma events are distinguished with Deep Learning (Later)



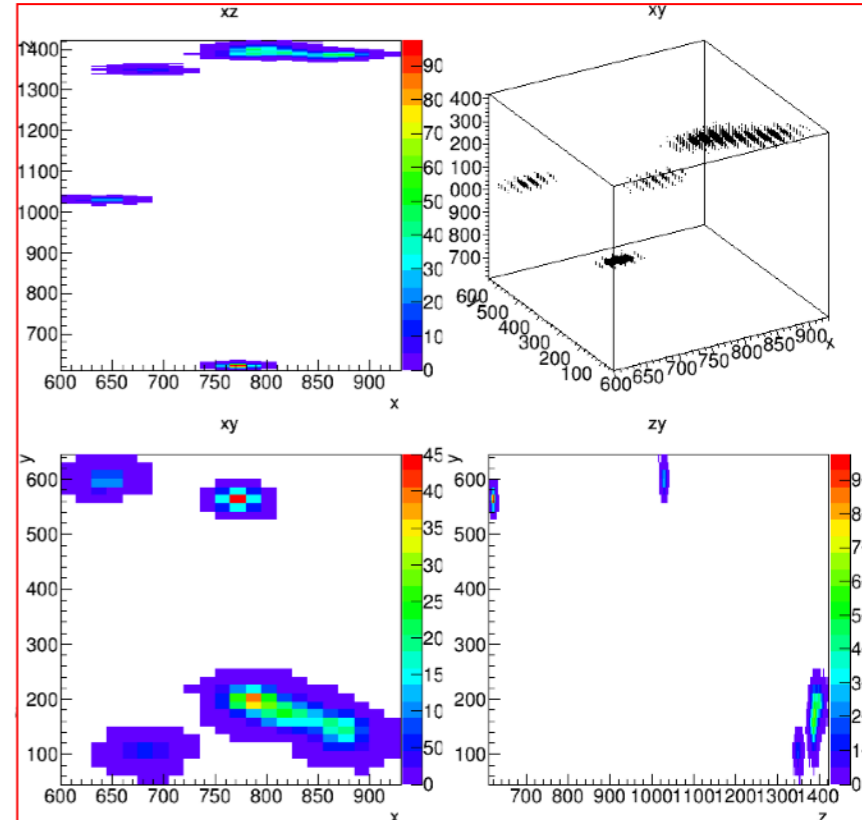
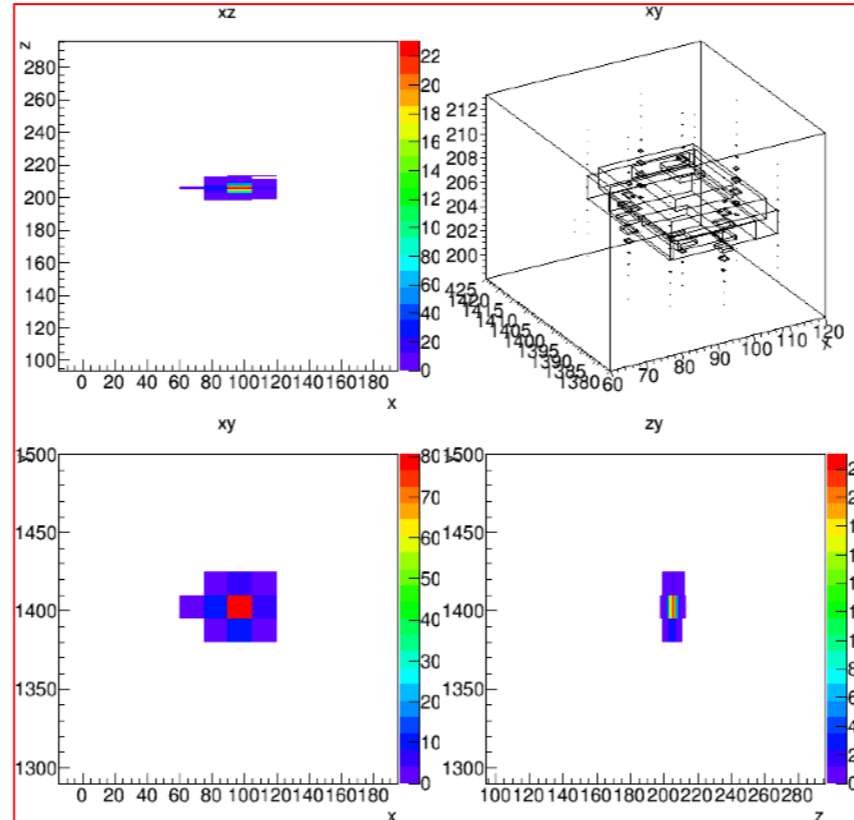
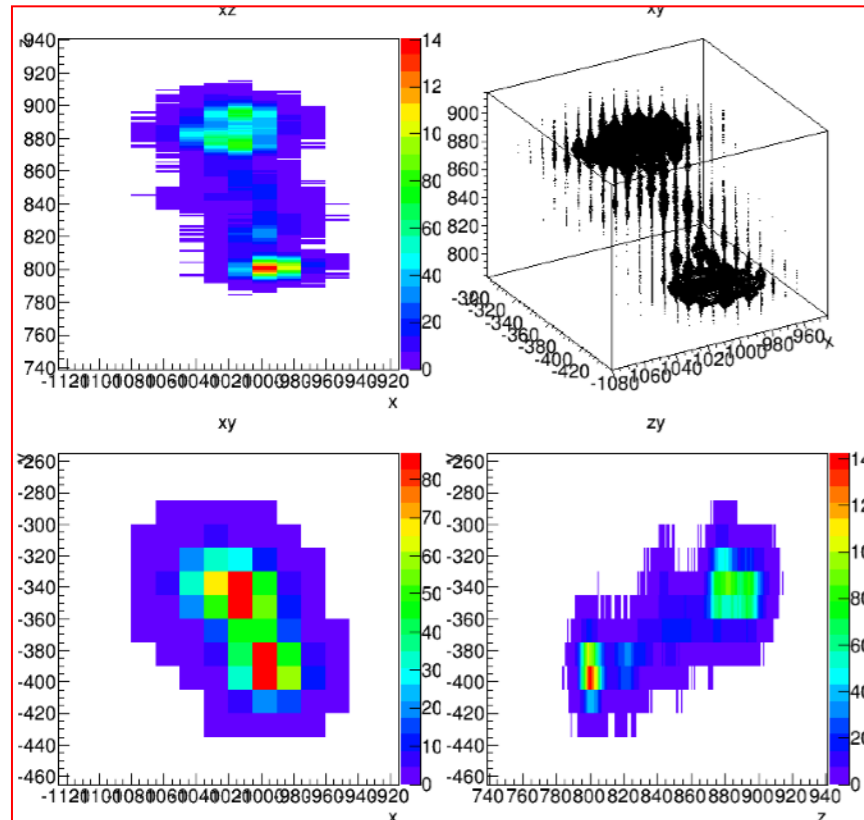
expected event displays

(simulation : 10 atm Xe, 15mm-pitch, 1MHz sampling)

$0\nu\beta\beta$

α -ray (2.5MeV)

Compton γ -ray (2.5MeV)



A Xe ElectroLuminescence : AXEL



Road map of the AXEL experiment

- Finish evaluation of the prototype detectors until 2020
- aiming to start physics run from 2021

202X ~

ton scale

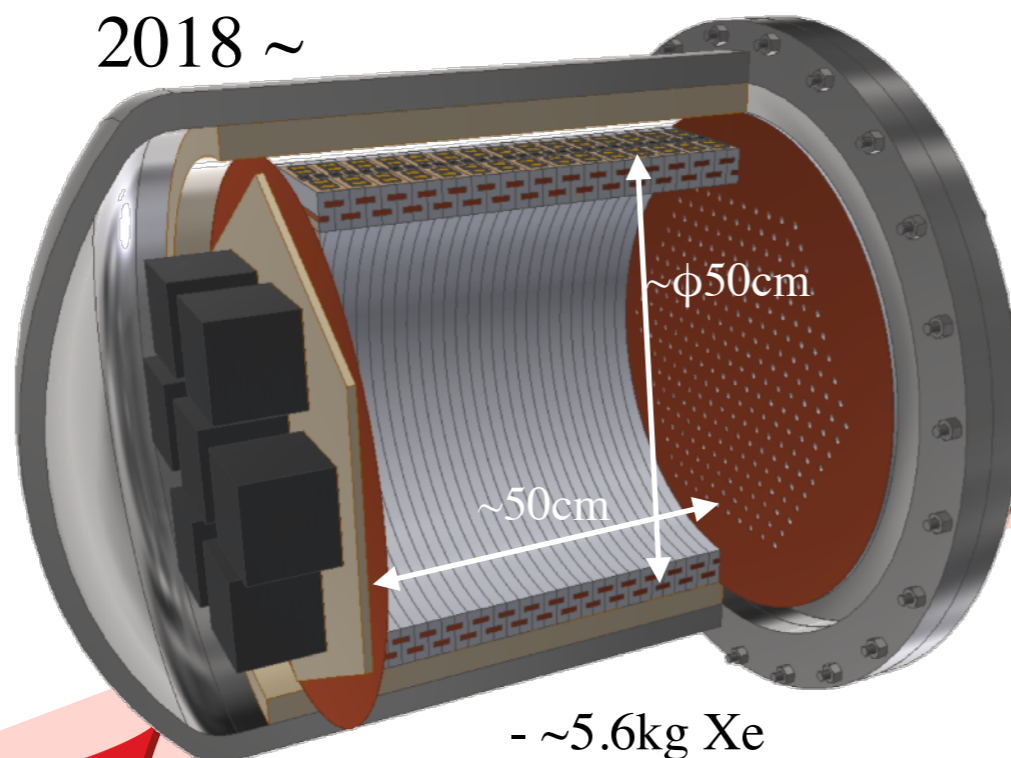
- Discovery(?)
- sweep out IH

2021 ~

~ 100kg scale

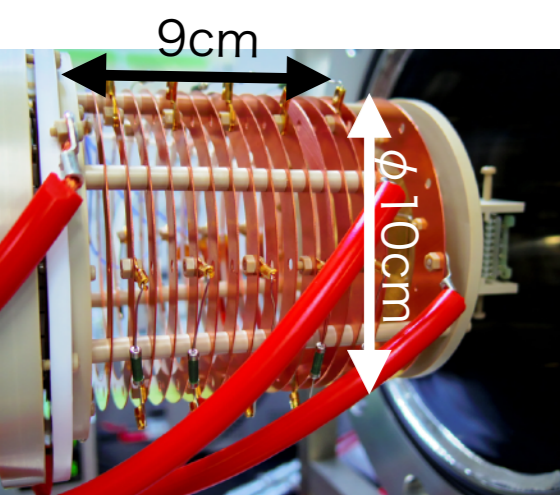
- Physics run
- World record

2018 ~

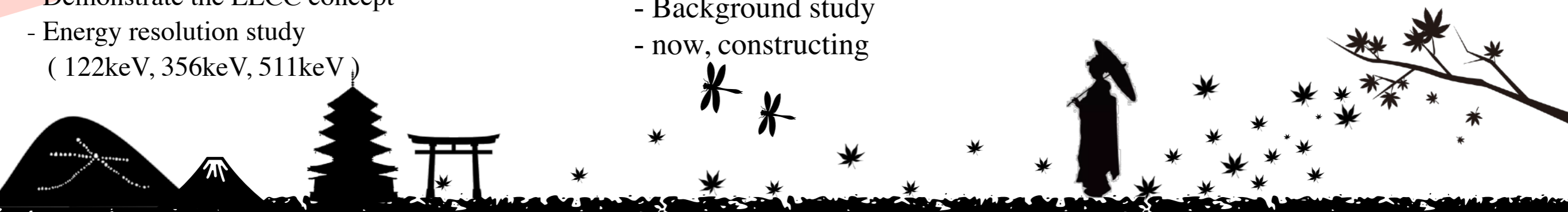


- ~5.6kg Xe
- Know-how of enlargement
- Energy resolution study (near the Q-value)
- Background study
- now, constructing

2014~2018



- ~0.08kg Xe
- Demonstrate the ELCC concept
- Energy resolution study (122keV, 356keV, 511keV)



AXEL experiments

Prototype detector (1) : 10 L prototype

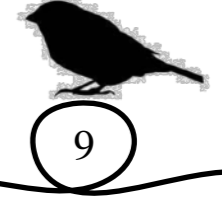
Prototype detector (2) : 180 L prototype

Future prospect

Summary



Prototype detector (1) : 10L prototype

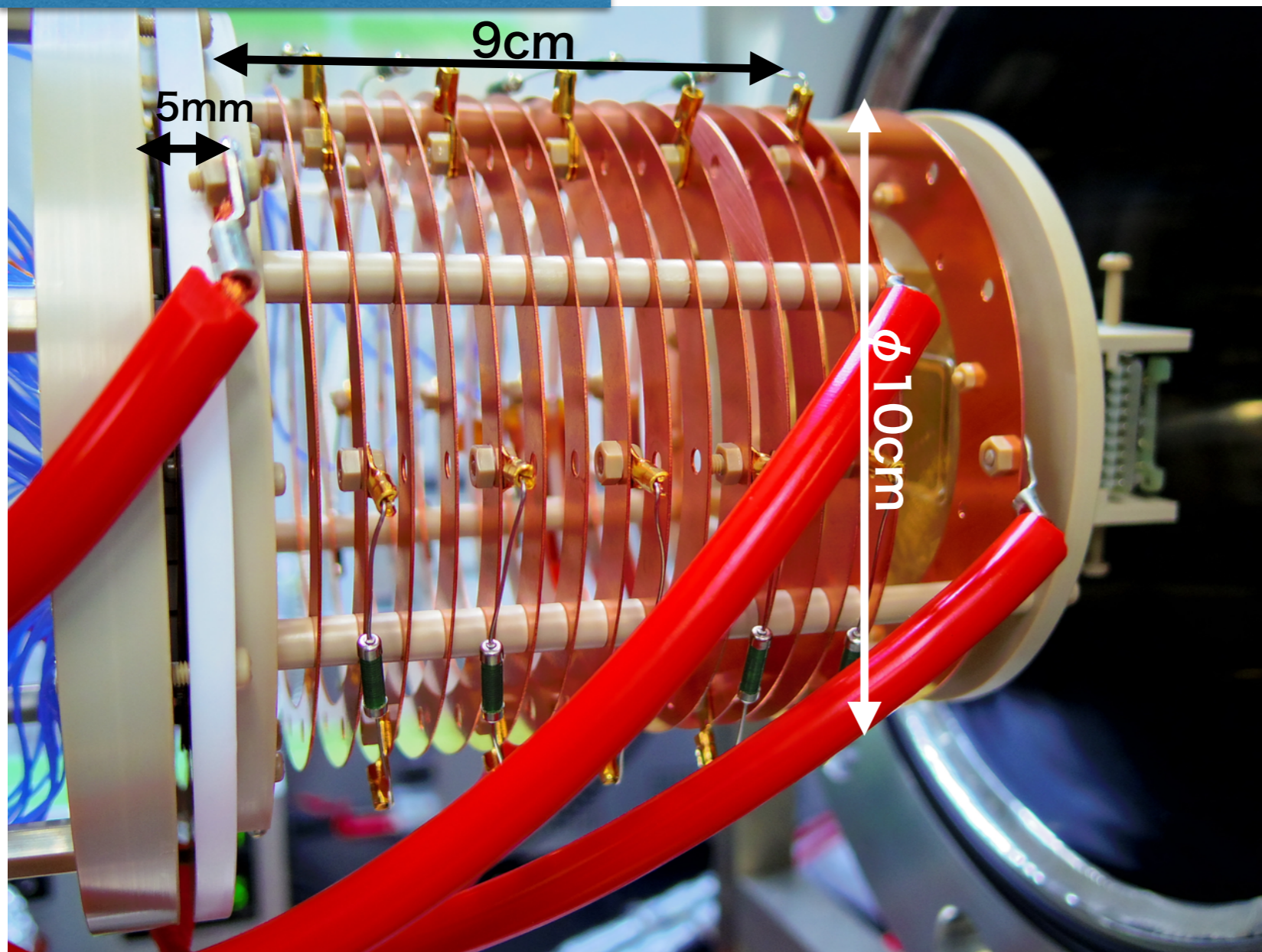


Sensitive region : $\phi 10\text{cm} \times 9\text{cm}$

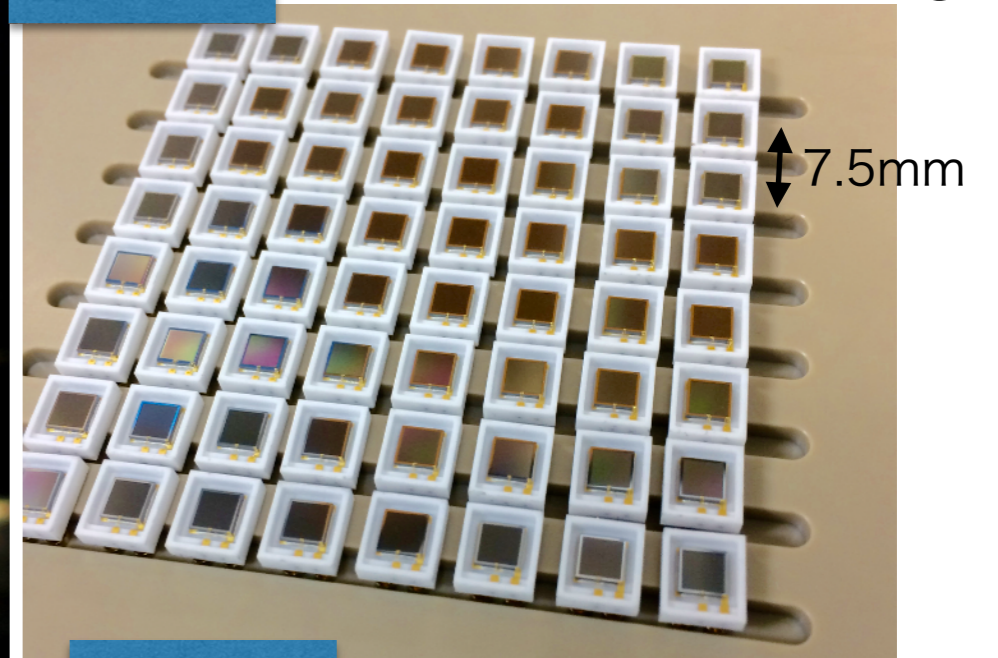
of channel : 64

Purpose : Demonstrate the performance of ELCC

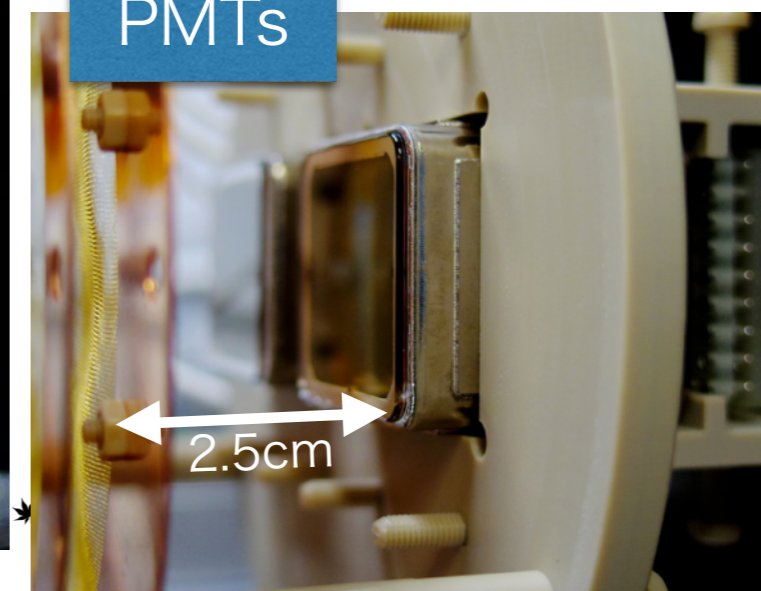
Prototype detector



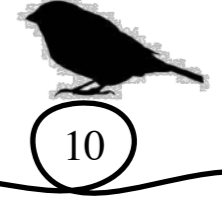
MPPCs Sensitive to VUV light



PMTs

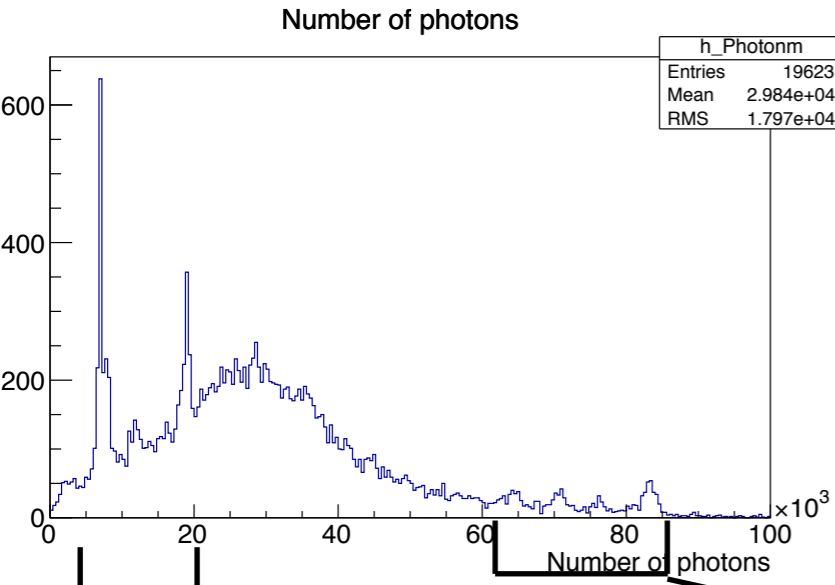


Prototype detector (1) : 10L prototype

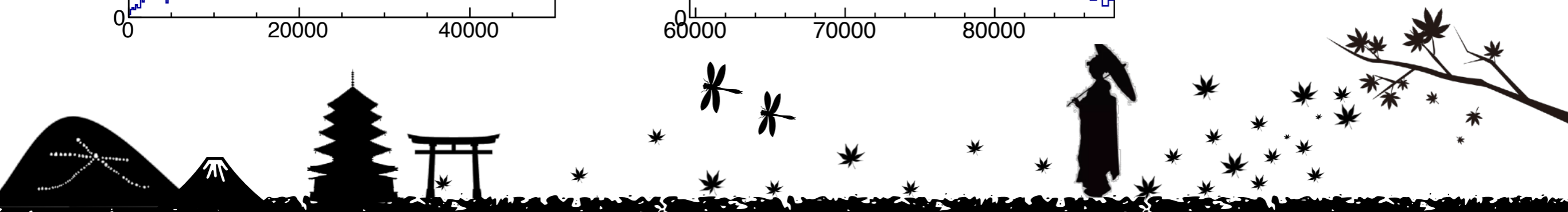
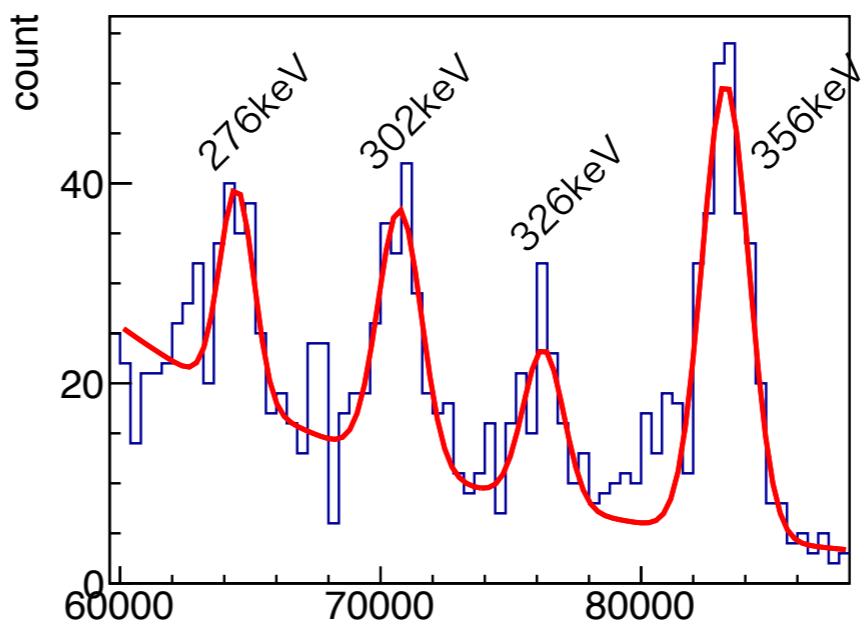
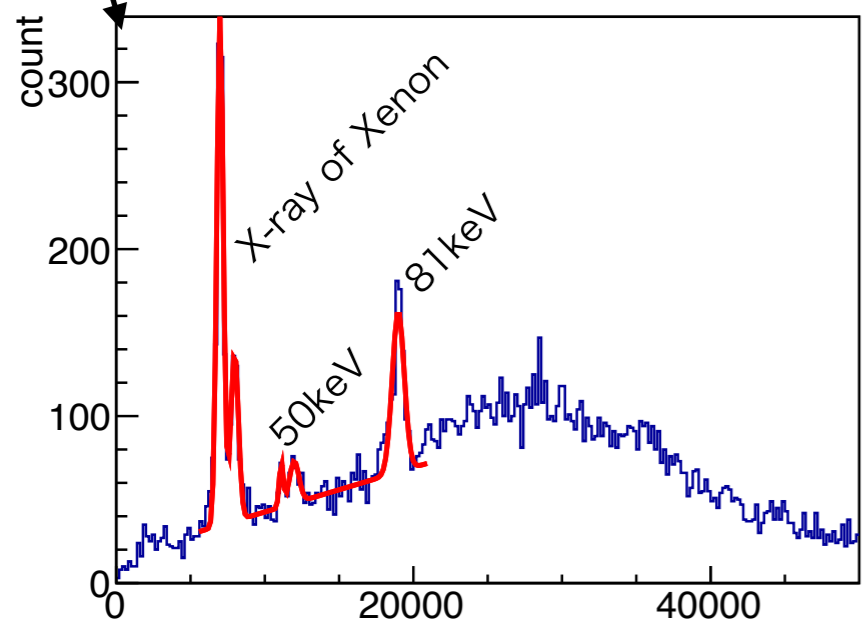


Evaluated a performance of the prototype detector using ^{133}Ba gamma-ray source (356keV)

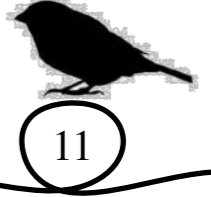
- Gas : Xe 8 bar
- E_{drift} : 83 V/cm/bar
- E_{EL} : 2.375 kV/cm/bar
- source : ^{133}Ba



- Fitting by “ Σ gaussian + ax+b” in low E region
- Fitting by “ Σ gaussian + exp” in high E region
- ΔE : 2.54% FWHM at 356 keV
- 0.97% FWHM at Q-value, extrapolated by \sqrt{E}

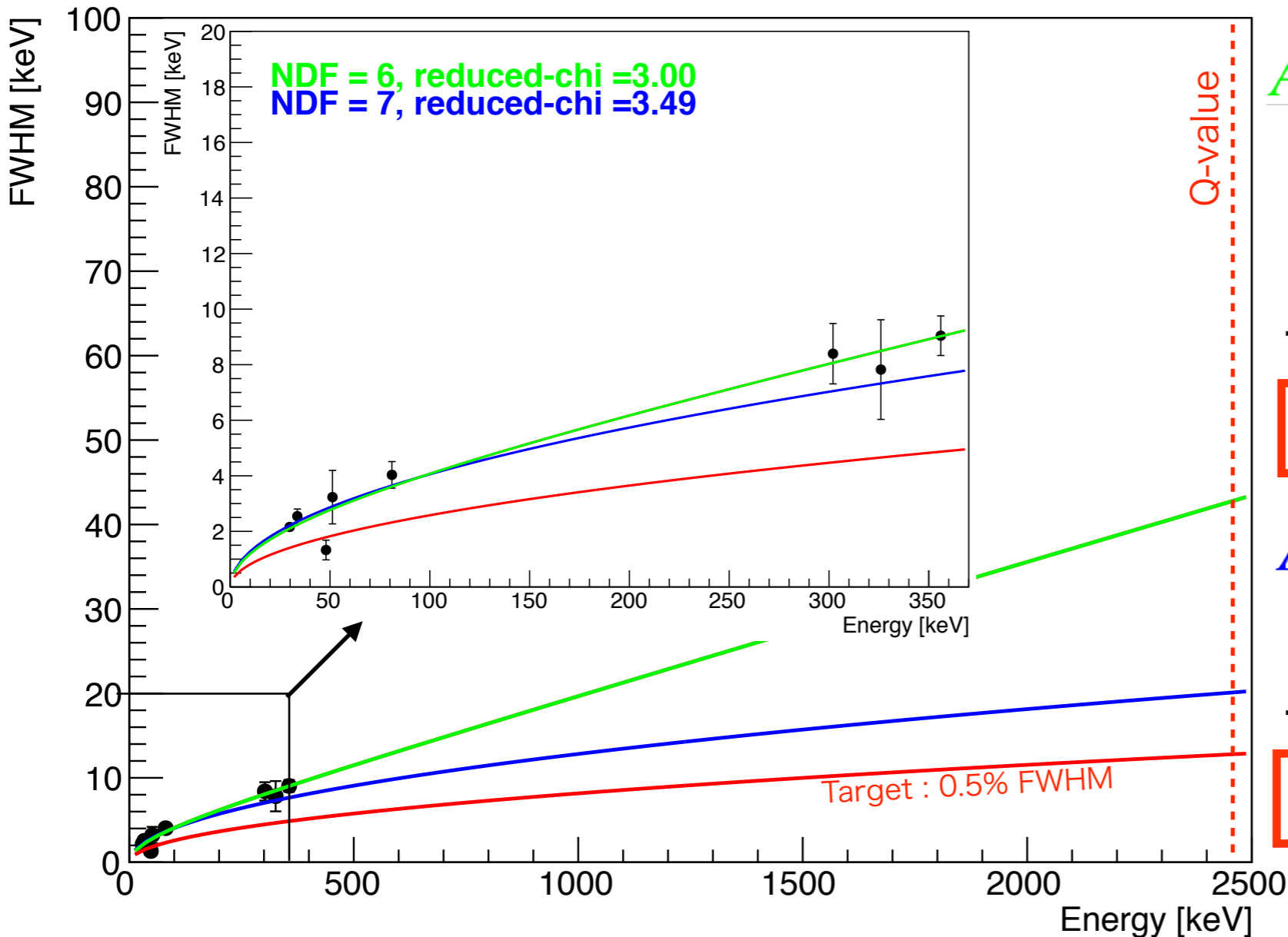


Prototype detector (1) : 10L prototype



Energy resolution at Q-value

- Estimated to **0.82 ~ 1.74 % FWHM** at Q-value (2458keV)
- Simulation (Geant4) is also on-going to understand this result



$$A\sqrt{E+BE^2}$$

$$A = 0.376 \pm 0.0186$$

$$B = 0.002 \pm 0.0008$$

-> Extrapolate to Q-value

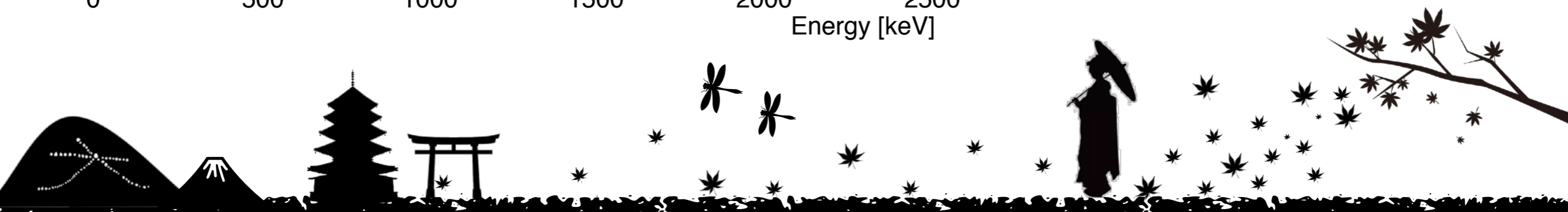
FWHM 1.74% (@2458keV)

$$A\sqrt{E}$$

$$A = 0.406 \pm 0.0140$$

-> Extrapolate to Q-value

FWHM 0.82% (@2458keV)



AXEL experiments

Prototype detector (1) : 10 L prototype

Prototype detector (2) : 180 L prototype

Future prospect

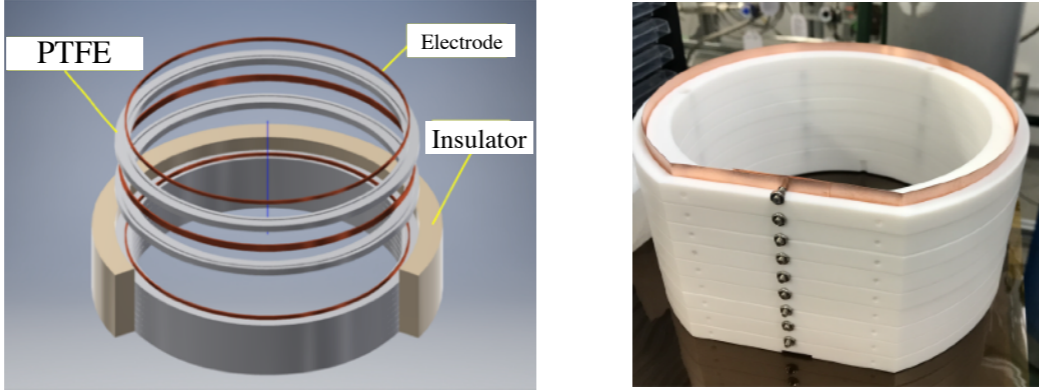
Summary



- Evaluation of energy resolution near the Q-value
- Now, constructing.....

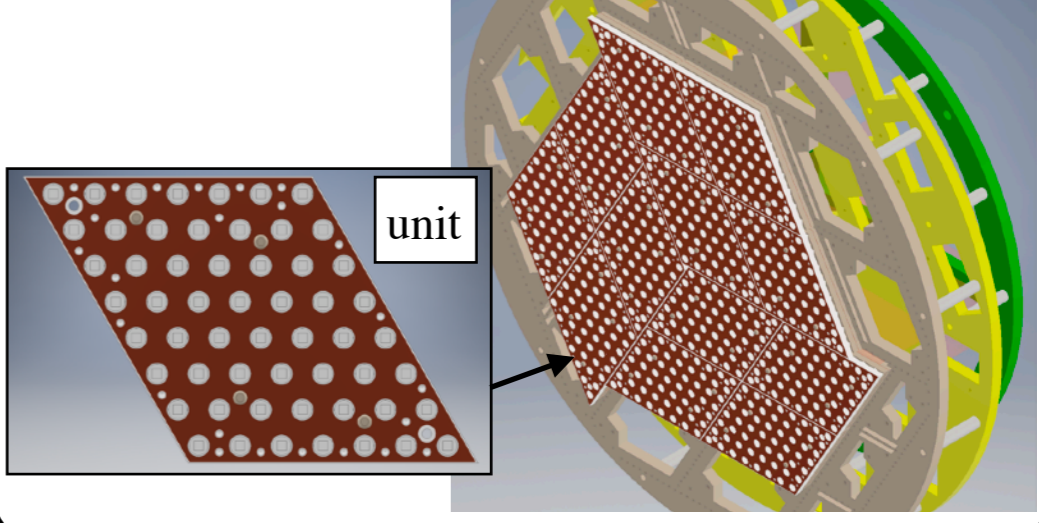
- Field Shaper

- Discharge resistant : embedded electrode, insulator
- increase scintillation light yield due to PTFE reflection



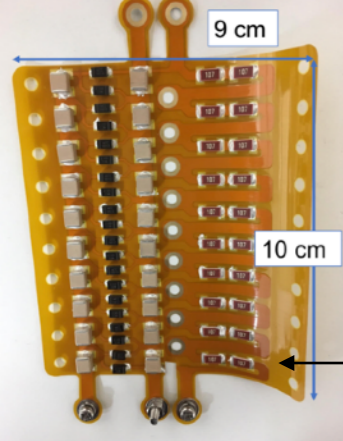
- ELCC (readout structure of ionization signal)

- Prefabricated style → easily to extend
- Number of channels : ~1000 ch
- Design is almost fixed

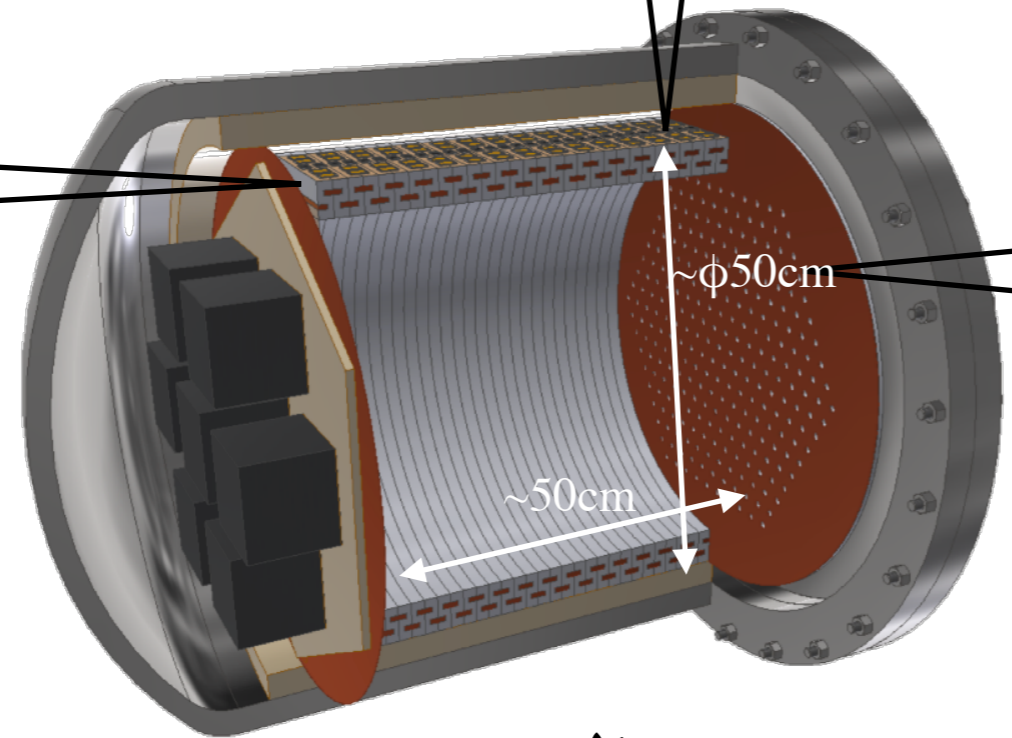


- Cockcroft-walton

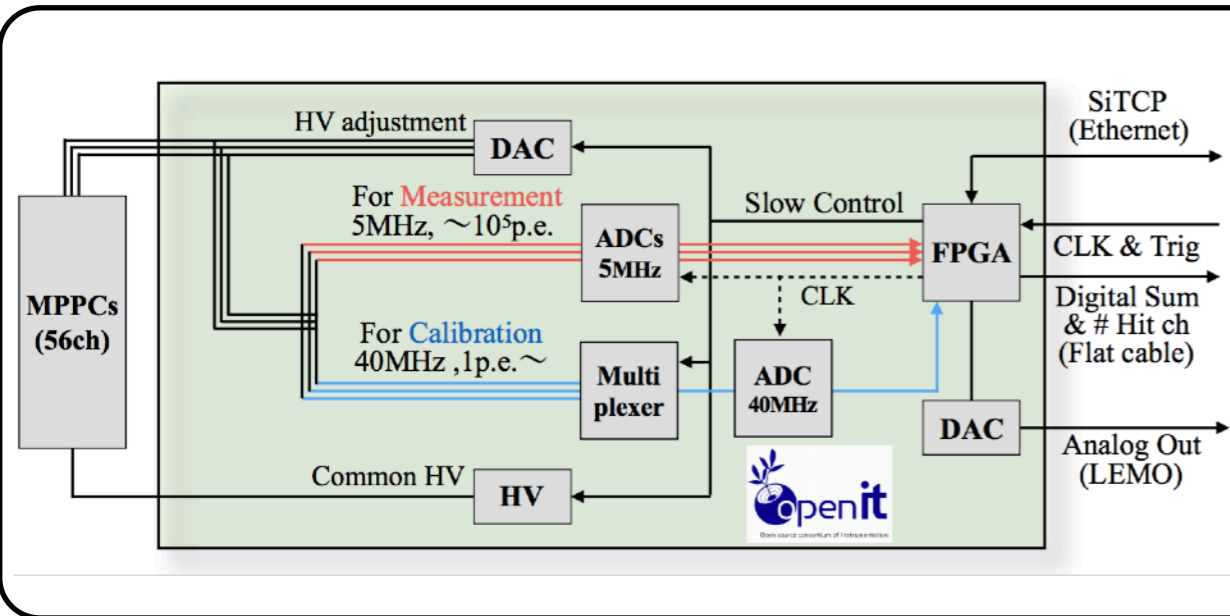
- Generate ~65kV inside the vessel
- Low outgas (Polyimide)



Polyimide FPC

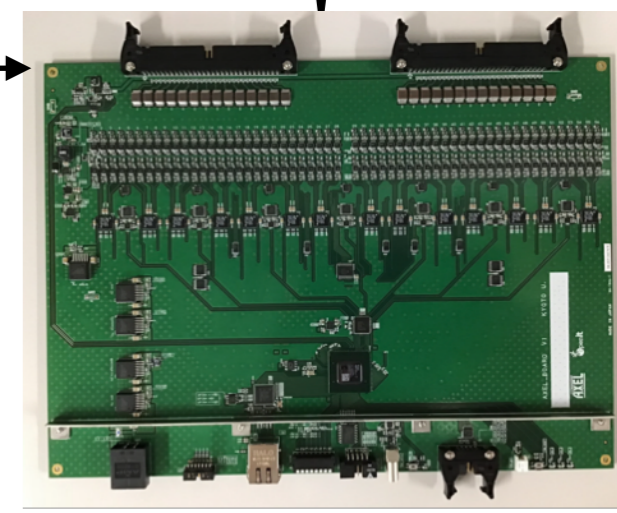
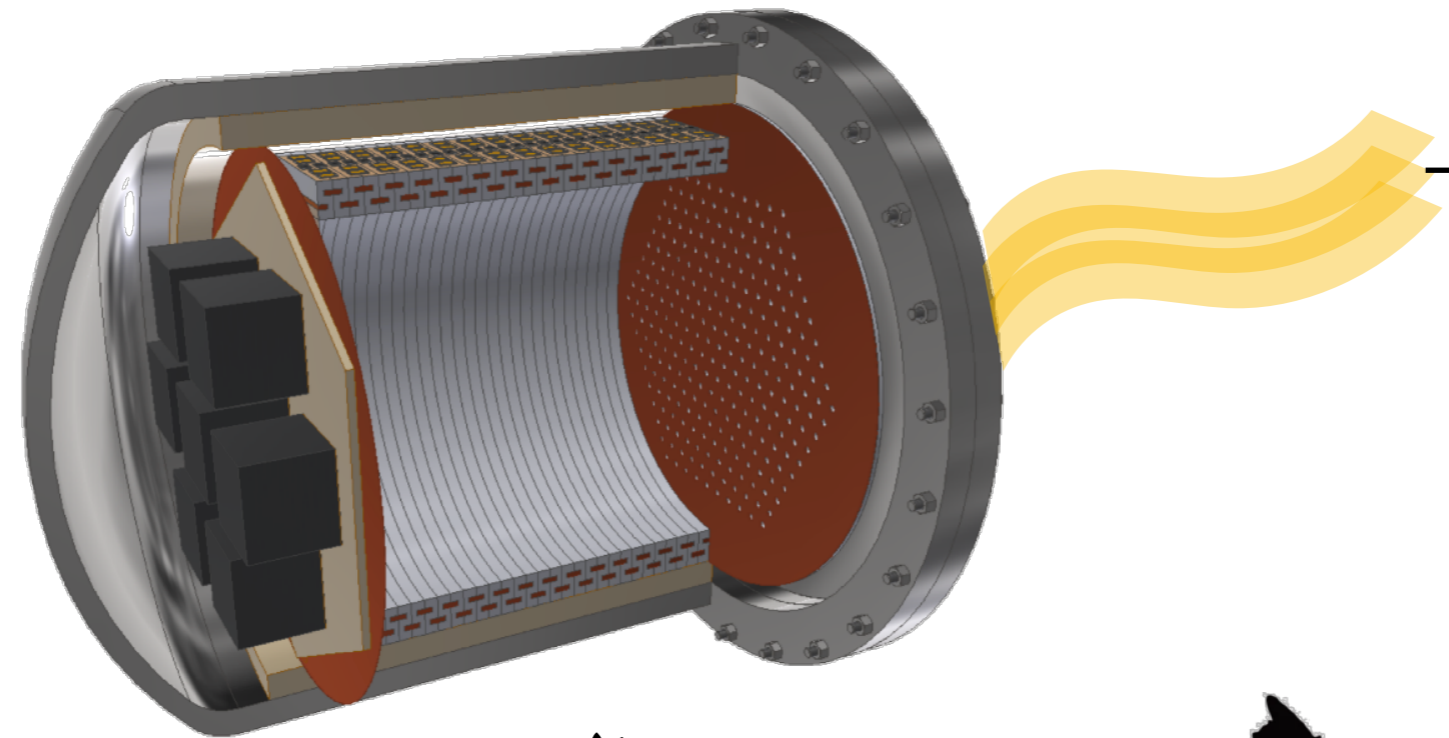


- Evaluation of energy resolution near the Q-value
- Now, constructing.....



- Readout electronics

- Readout waveforms of MPPC : 56 ch/board
- Two Flash ADCs to achieve wide dynamic range : 1 p.e ~ 10⁴p.e
- High Voltage supply to MPPCs (in the 0.2mV)
- Monitor MPPC gain constantly
→ adjust (feedback) gain in 0.25% accuracy
- Low cost



AXEL experiments

Prototype detector (1) : 10 L prototype

Prototype detector (2) : 180 L prototype

Future prospect

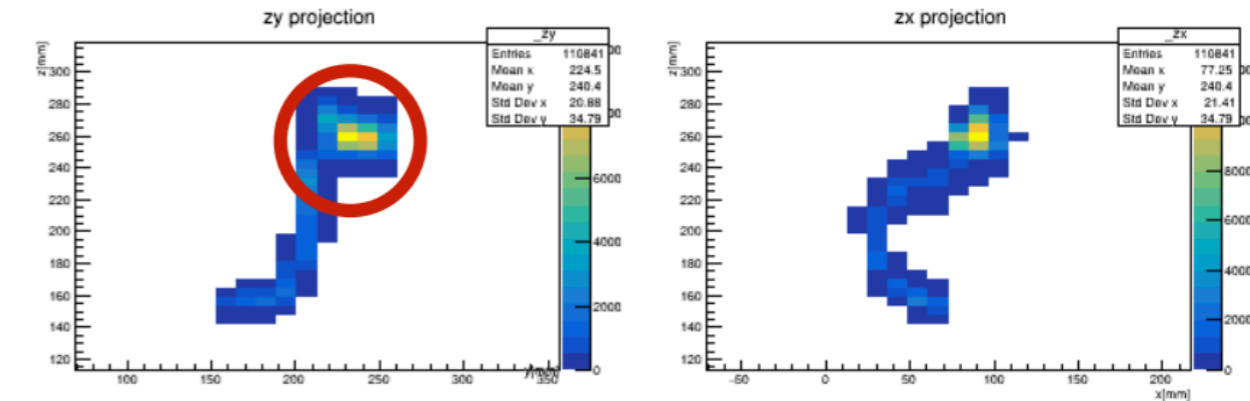
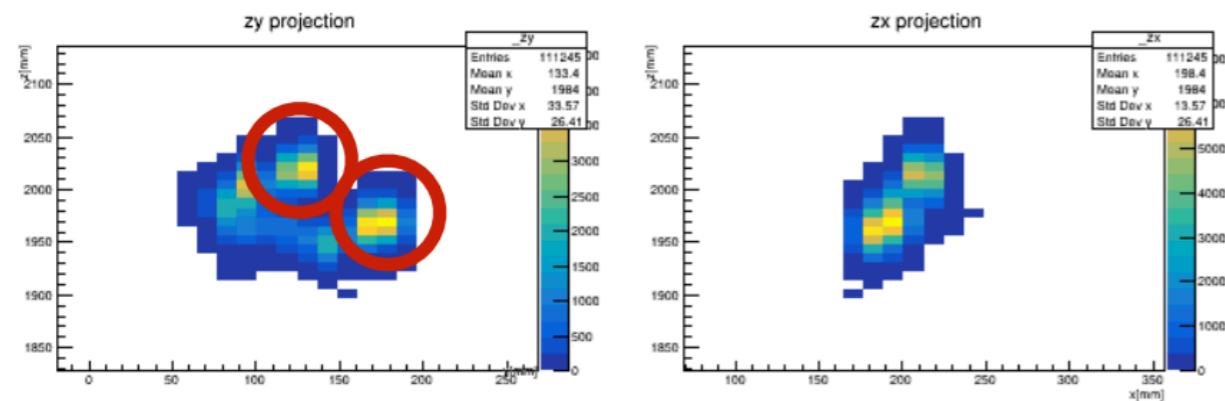
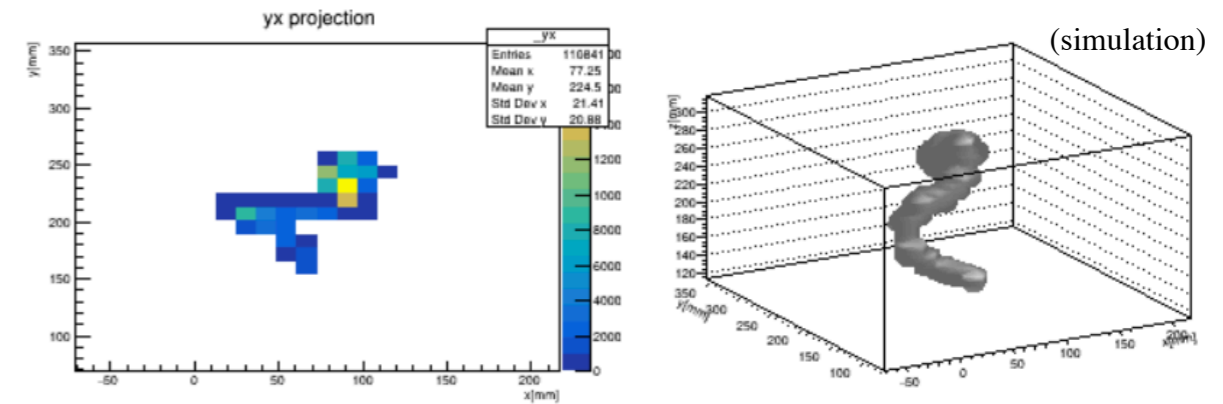
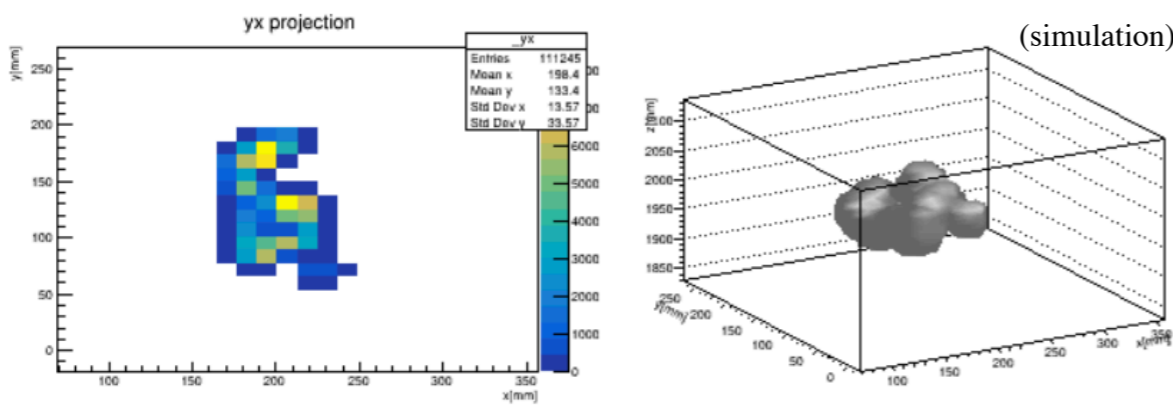
Summary



- Gamma-ray with photoelectric absorption event will be a serious BG
 - Topological information
 - $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay has two blobs
 - Photoelectric absorption of gamma event only has one blob
- To Identify two blobs is very powerful strategy

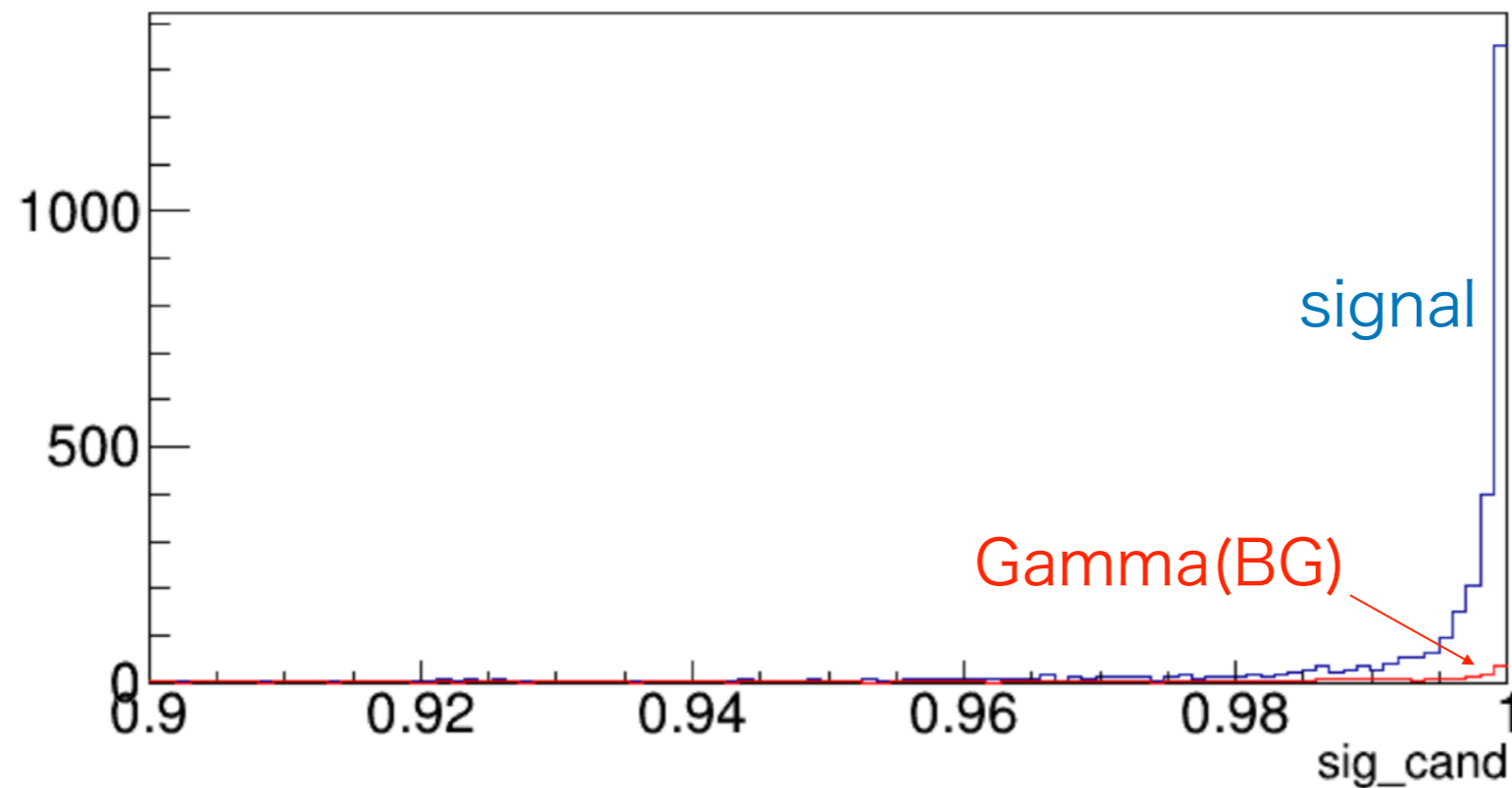
$0\nu\beta\beta$

Gamma-ray



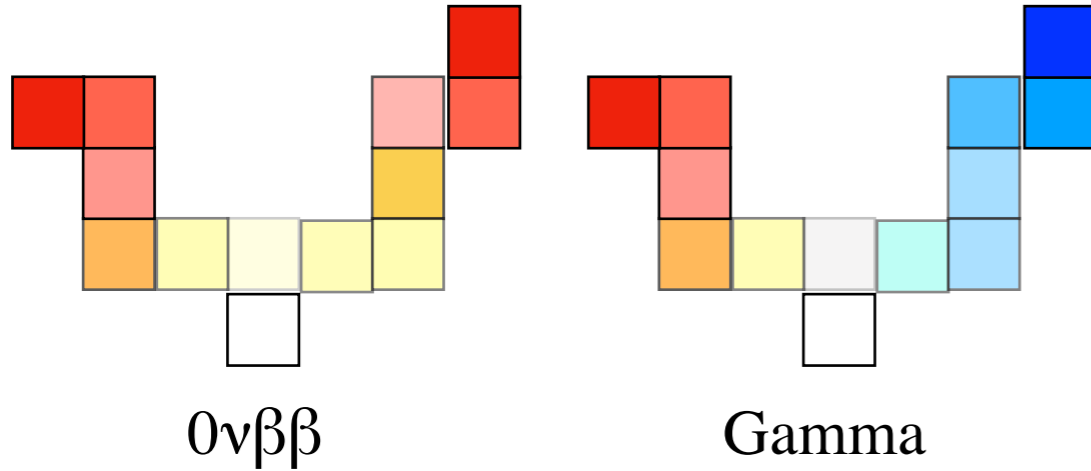
Topological information

- Deep Learning(DL) is one of the options
- Learning with simulation of $0\nu\beta\beta$ and gamma-ray
- Pitch of readout cell is variable to optimization (performance vs costs...)
- Signal efficiency : 41% : BG : 121 evt/yr \rightarrow 3.2 evt/yr w/ DL (1 ton Xe)
(assuming 10 tons of pressure vessel made of Oxygen-free Cu, 10mm-pitch readout)
- Estimated sensitivity : $m_{\beta\beta} = 32 \text{ meV}$ (1 ton yr Xe, 10 mm-pitch)



More ideas...

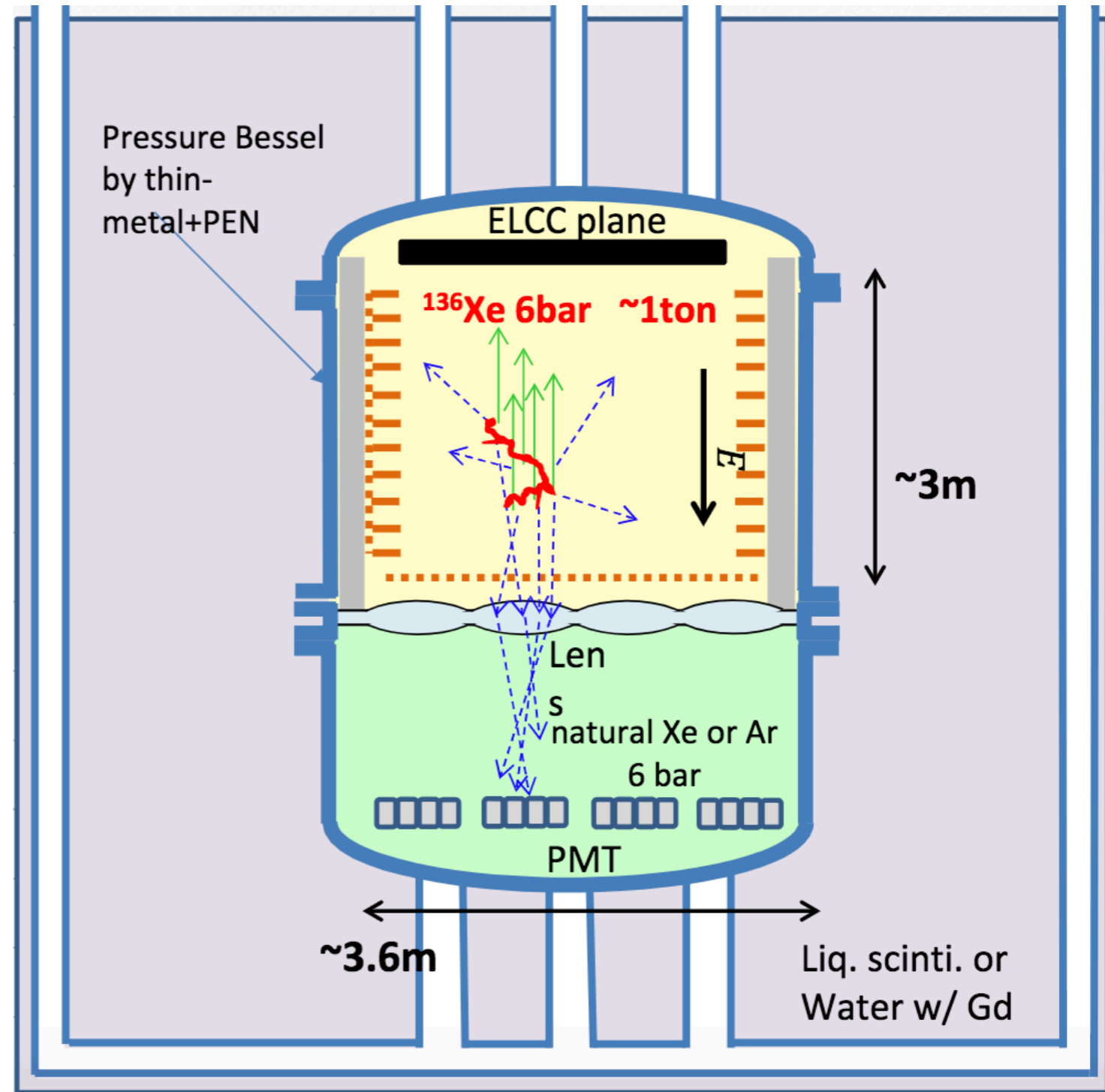
- Timing information of scintillation
- color represents the timing (ideal case)



- in real case, it will be more complicated due to
 - depth of field
 - time constant of scintillation etc...

- Thin, active vessel

- reduce ^{214}Bi : thin
- detect α from ^{214}Po : active
- coincidence of Bi-Po



AXEL experiments

Prototype detector (1) : 10 L prototype

Prototype detector (2) : 180 L prototype

Future prospect

Summary



AXEL is high pressure gas Xe TPC for $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay search

- Cellular readout structure (ELCC) is characteristic of AXEL

Small (10L) prototype detector has constructed

- Demonstrate the performance of ELCC
- $\Delta E : 0.82 \sim 1.74$ % (FWHM, extrapolated to Q-value) is estimated

Large (180L) prototype detector is now constructing

- To demonstrate the performance of AXEL detector at near the Q-value
- To get the know-how to enlargement our detector

Aiming to $m_{\beta\beta} = 20$ meV with some ideas

- e.g. Deep leaning, timing information, thin (active) vessel





Thank you



Backup

Members



Shuhei Obara

Masashi Yoshida

Shunsuke Tanaka

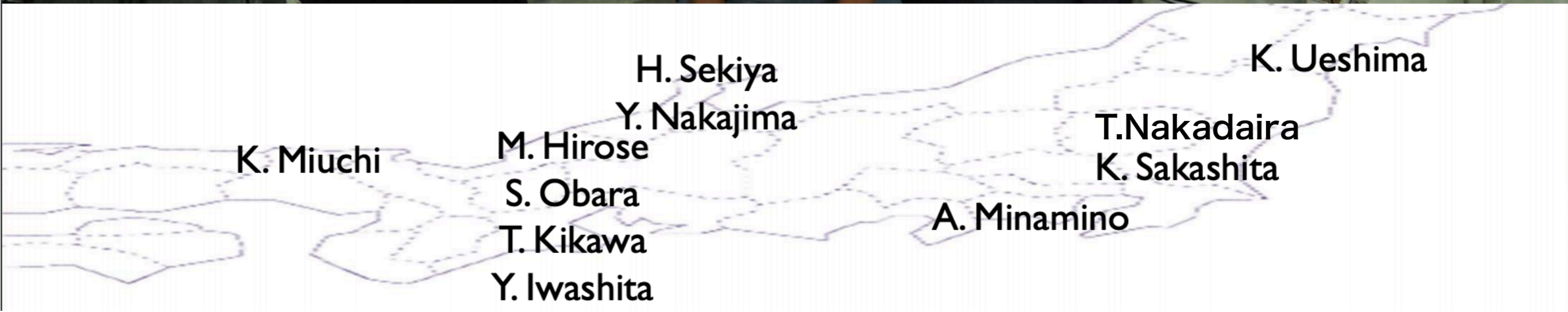
Sei Ban

Atsuko K. Ichikawa

Kazuhiro Nakamura

Tsuyoshi Nakaya

Kiseki Nakamura



K. Miuchi

M. Hirose
S. Obara
T. Kikawa
Y. Iwashita

H. Sekiya
Y. Nakajima

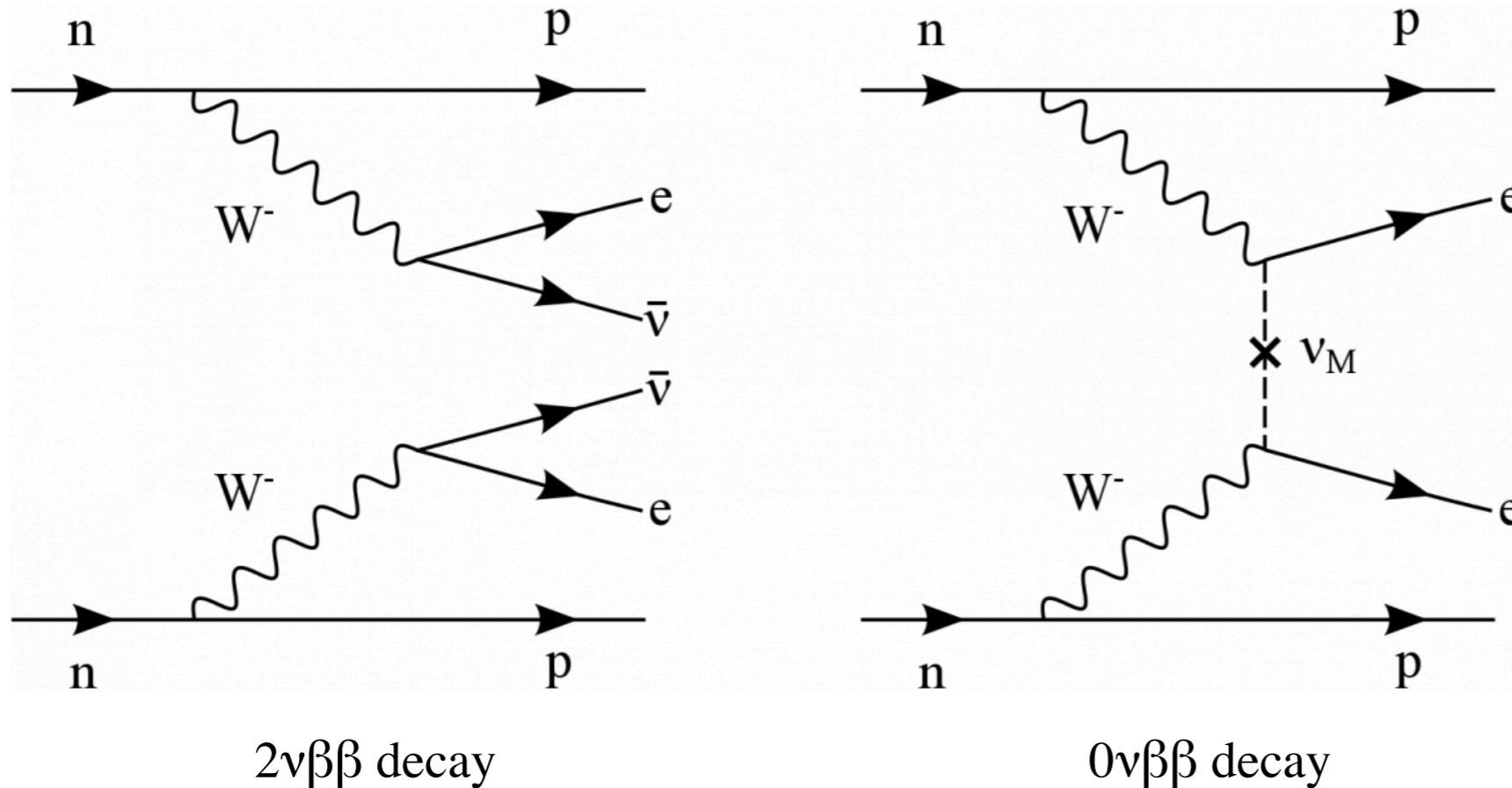
A. Minamino

T. Nakadaira
K. Sakashita

K. Ueshima

Introduction : Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay ($0\nu\beta\beta$ decay)

It occurs only if the neutrino has Majorana mass term

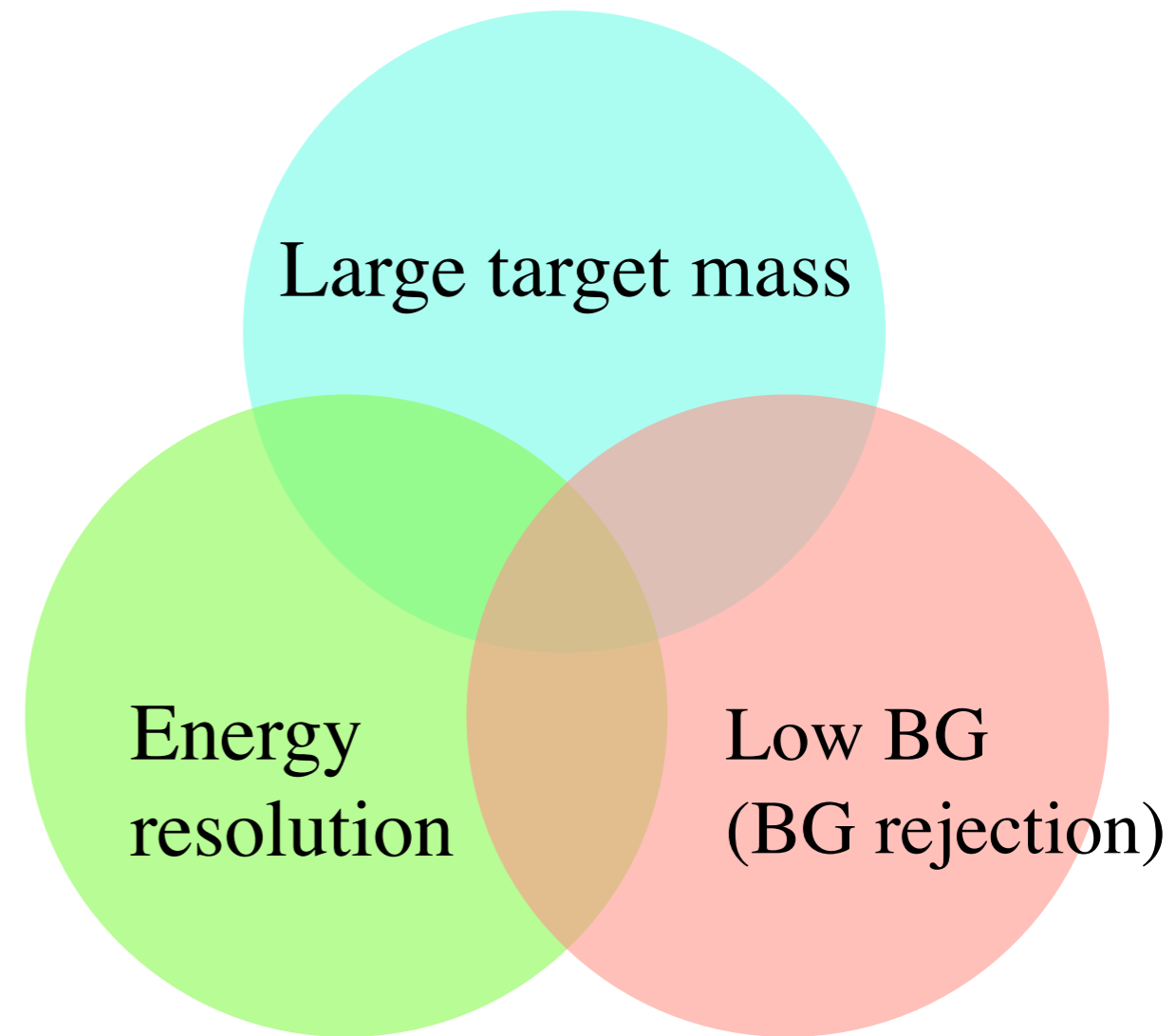
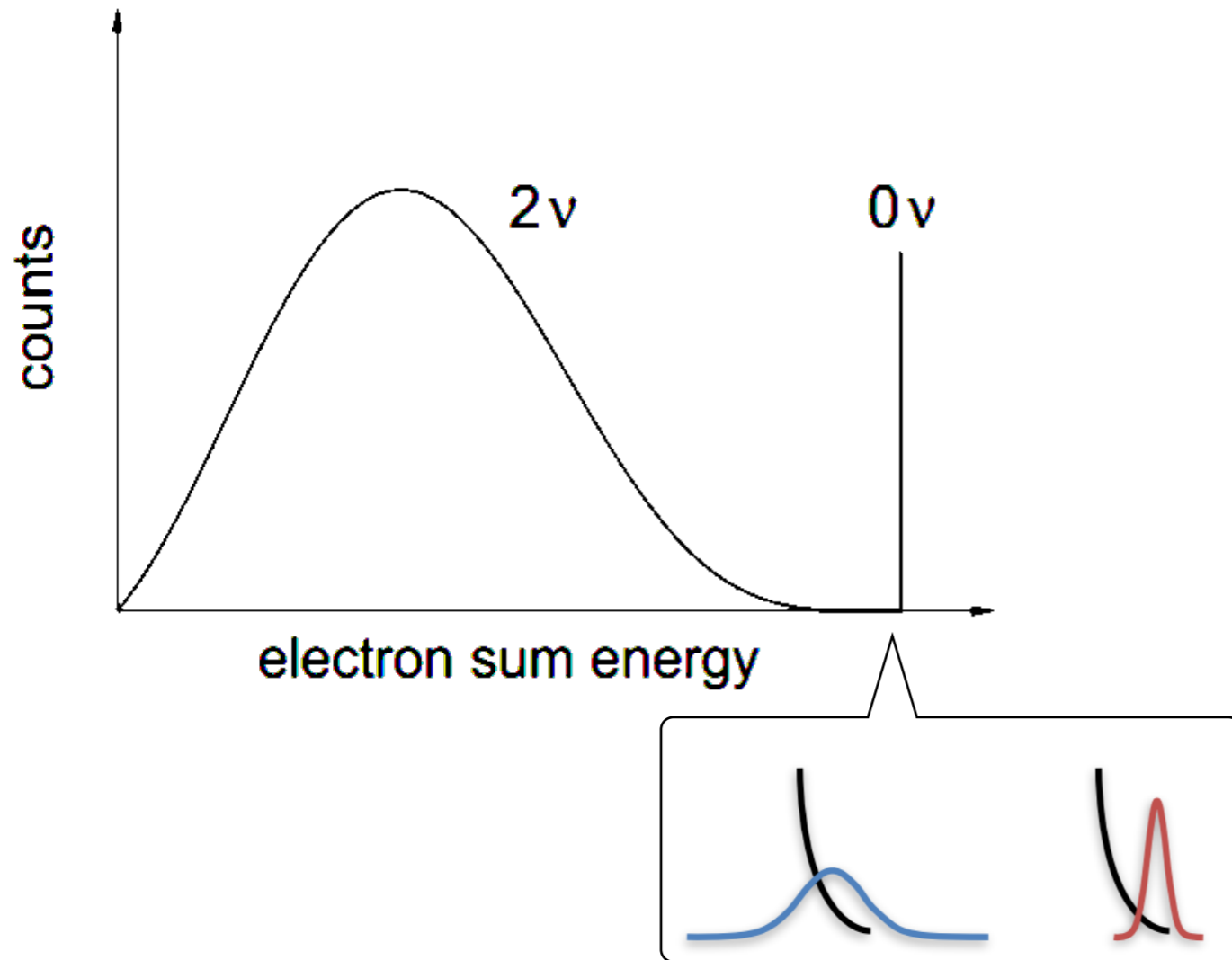


If the neutrino is Majorana

- naturally explains the smallness of the neutrino mass
- One of the conditions of Leptogenesis story

Introduction : Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay ($0\nu\beta\beta$ decay)

To discovery $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay



Pioneering work by the NEXT experiment group demonstrated usability of high pressure xenon gas time projection chamber (TPC) for $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay search

AXEL experiments

Simulation study

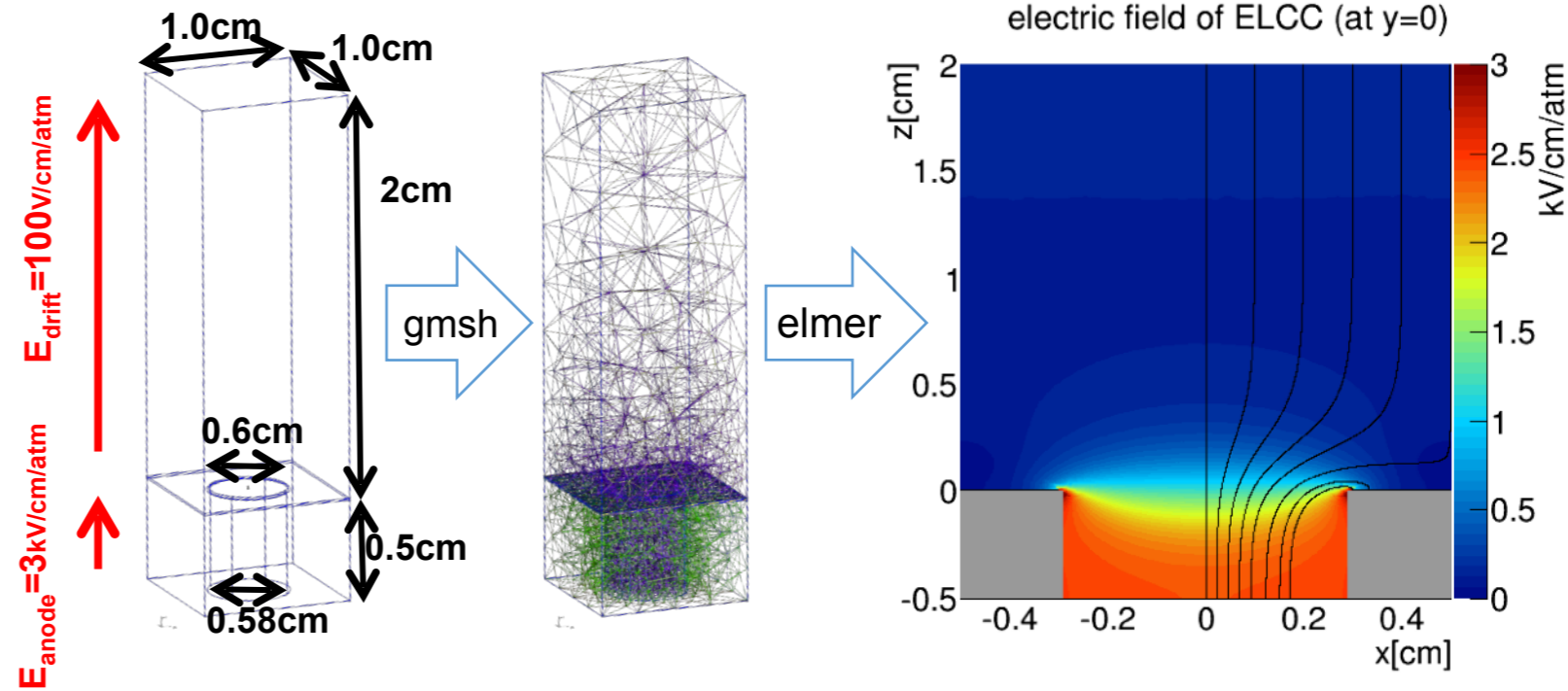
Prototype detector (1) : 10 L prototype

Prototype detector (2) : 180 L prototype

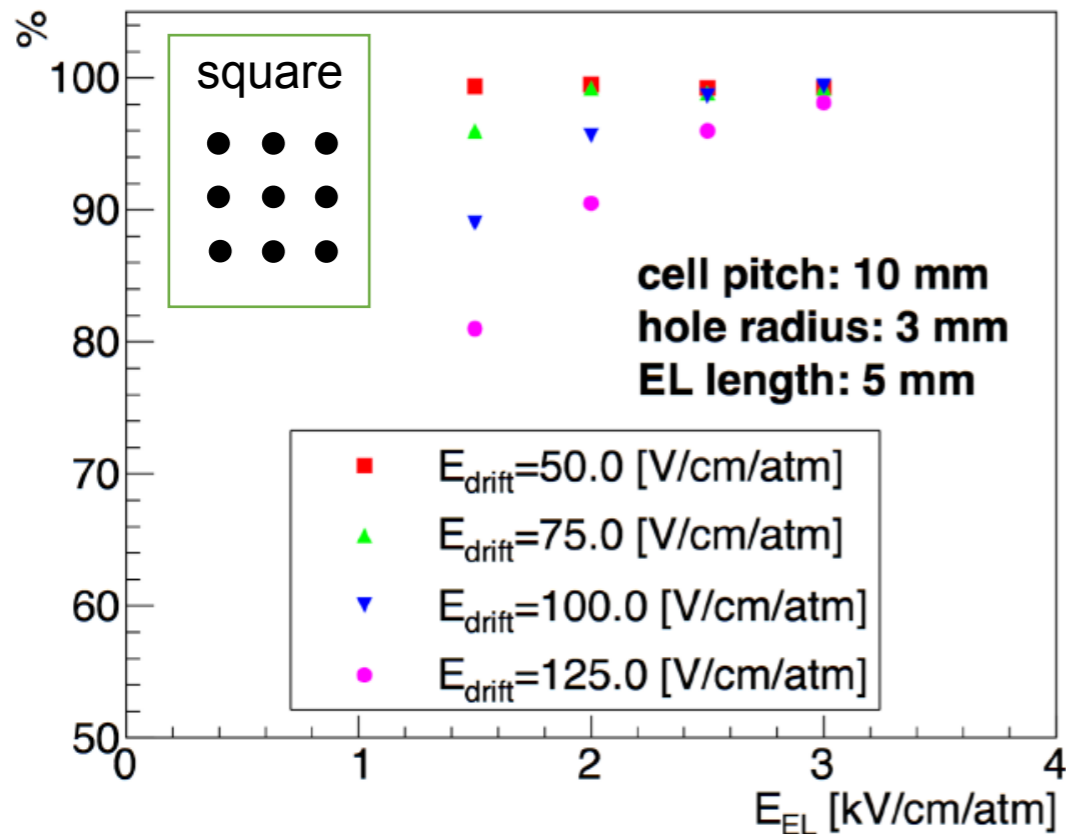
Summary

Simulation study

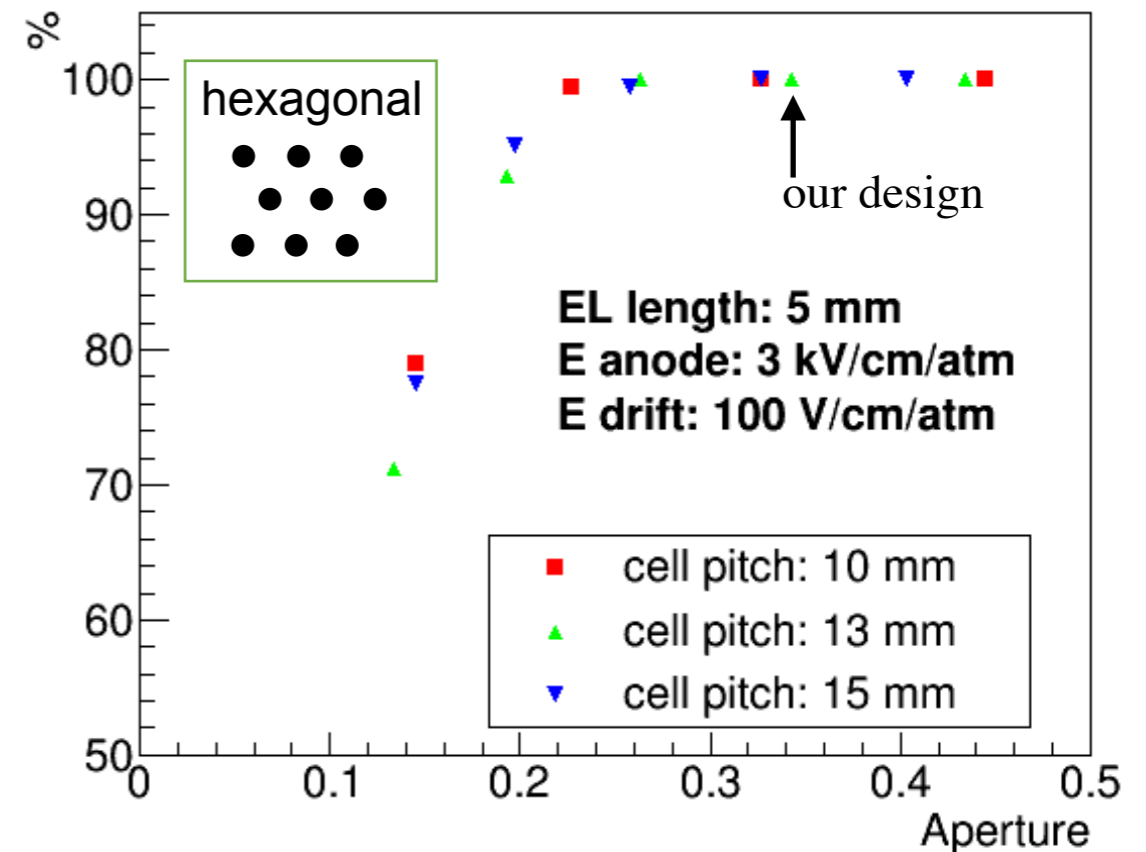
Collection efficiency of electric field line is checked by simulation (gmsht + Elmer)



Passage ratio of electric field lines

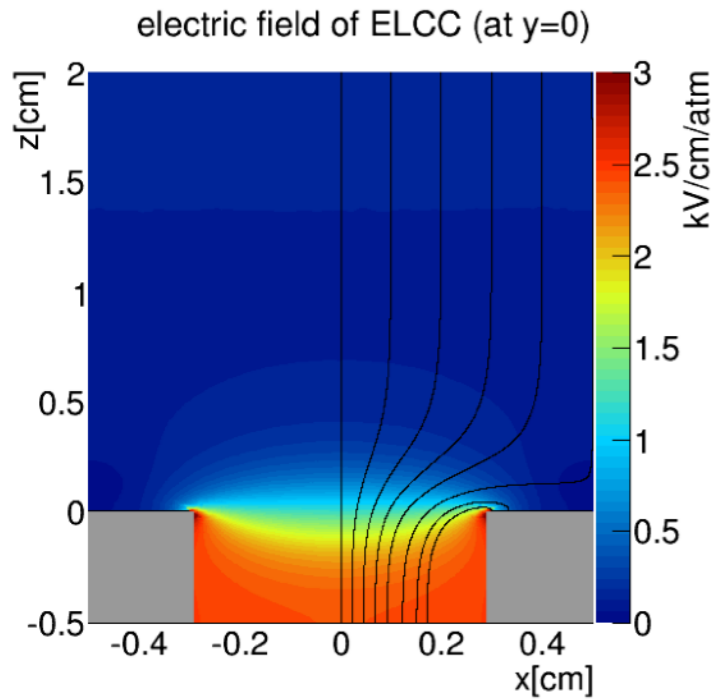


Passage ratio of electric field lines

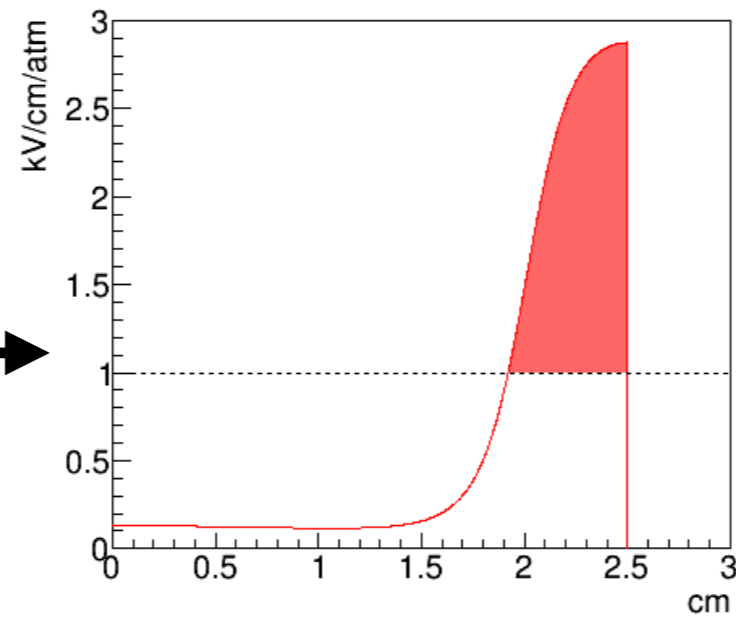


Simulation study

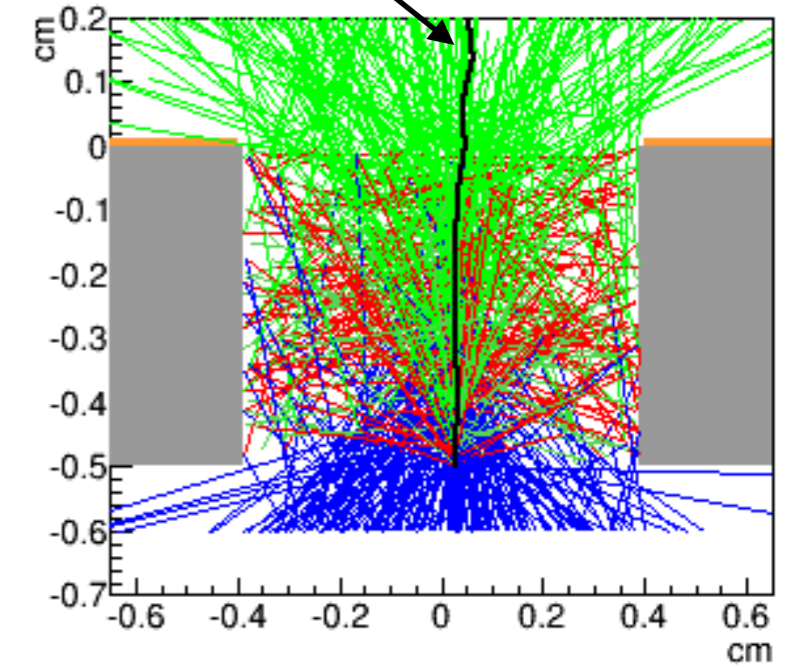
Electron track by Garfield++



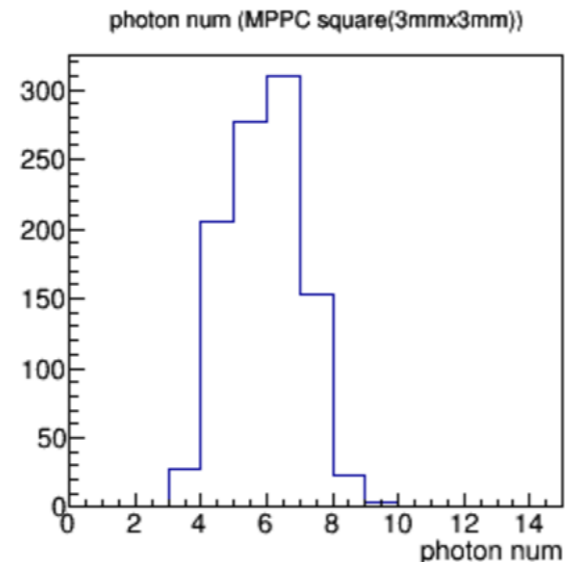
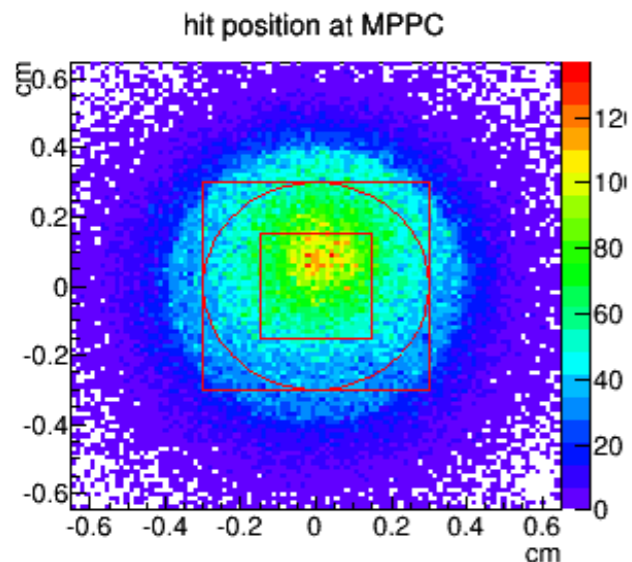
Line of electric field



Electric field strength along the line
(red : EL region)



Generate EL lights by MC method
(reflect coefficient of PTFE : 60%)



Uniformity of EL generation

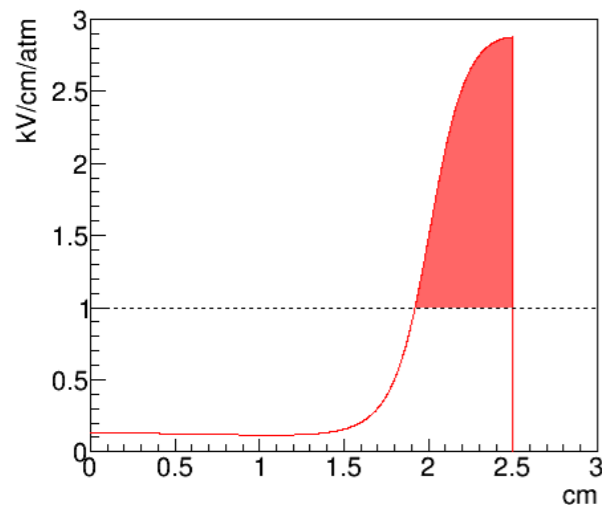
- EL Yield is proportional to [electric field strength] x [path length]

$$dN_{ph}/dx = 70(E/p - 1.0)p$$

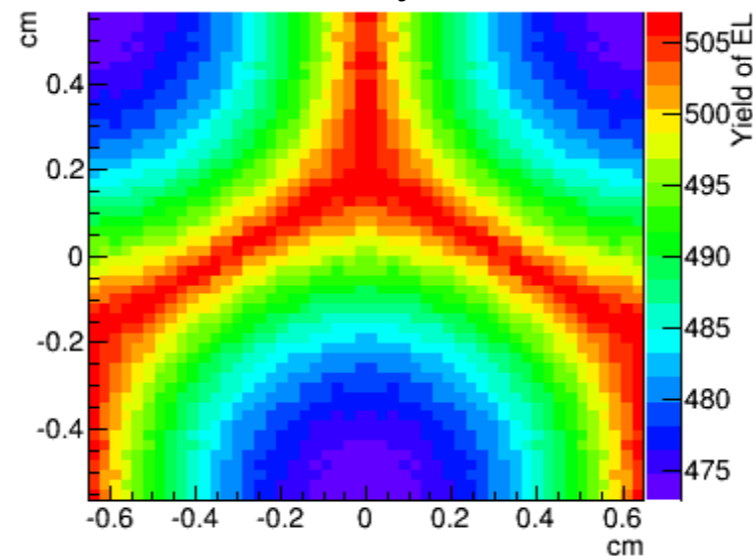
- Uniformity : 1.4%

- Since initial electron number is $1e5$, effect on energy resolution will be $1.4\%/\sqrt{1e5} = 0.005\%$

Electric field along the path



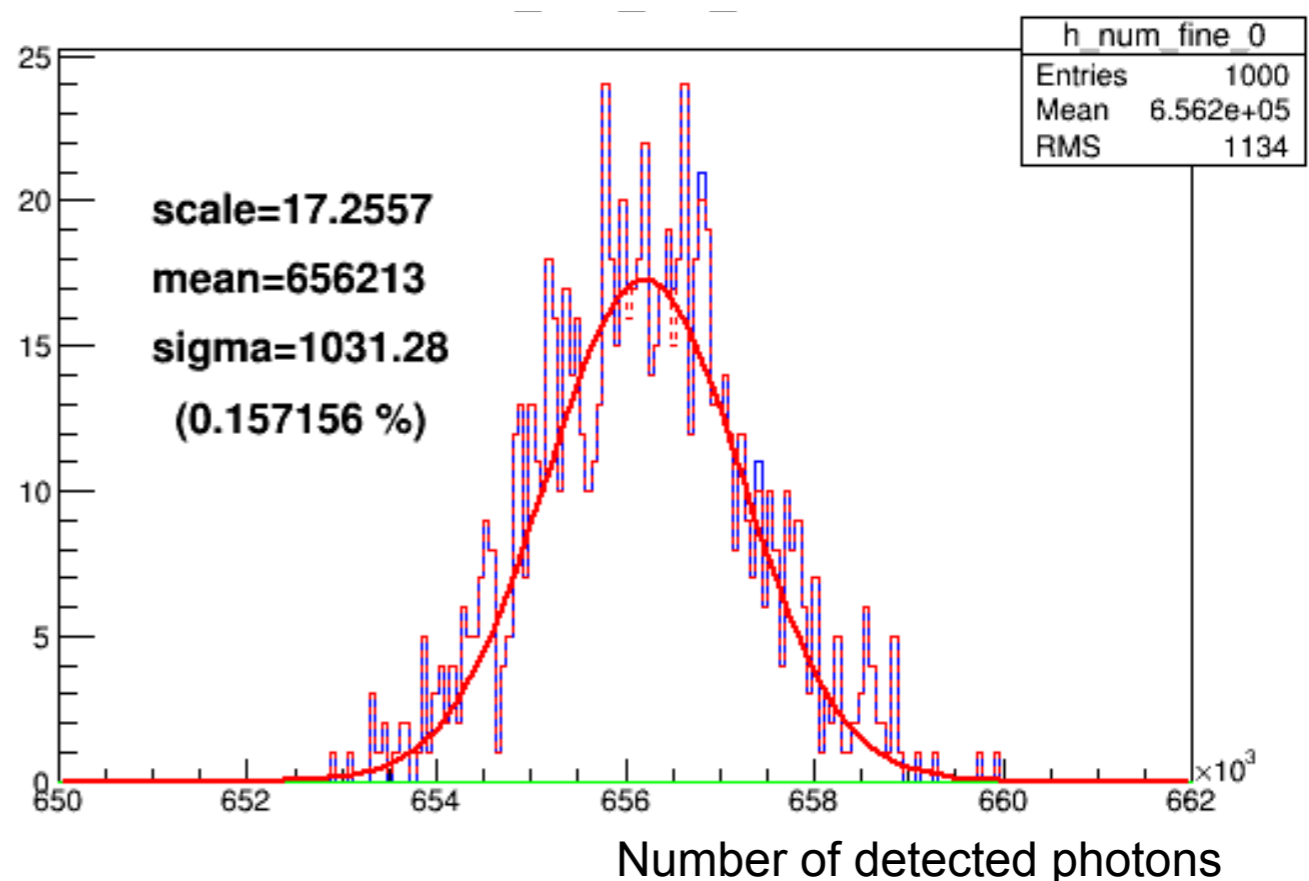
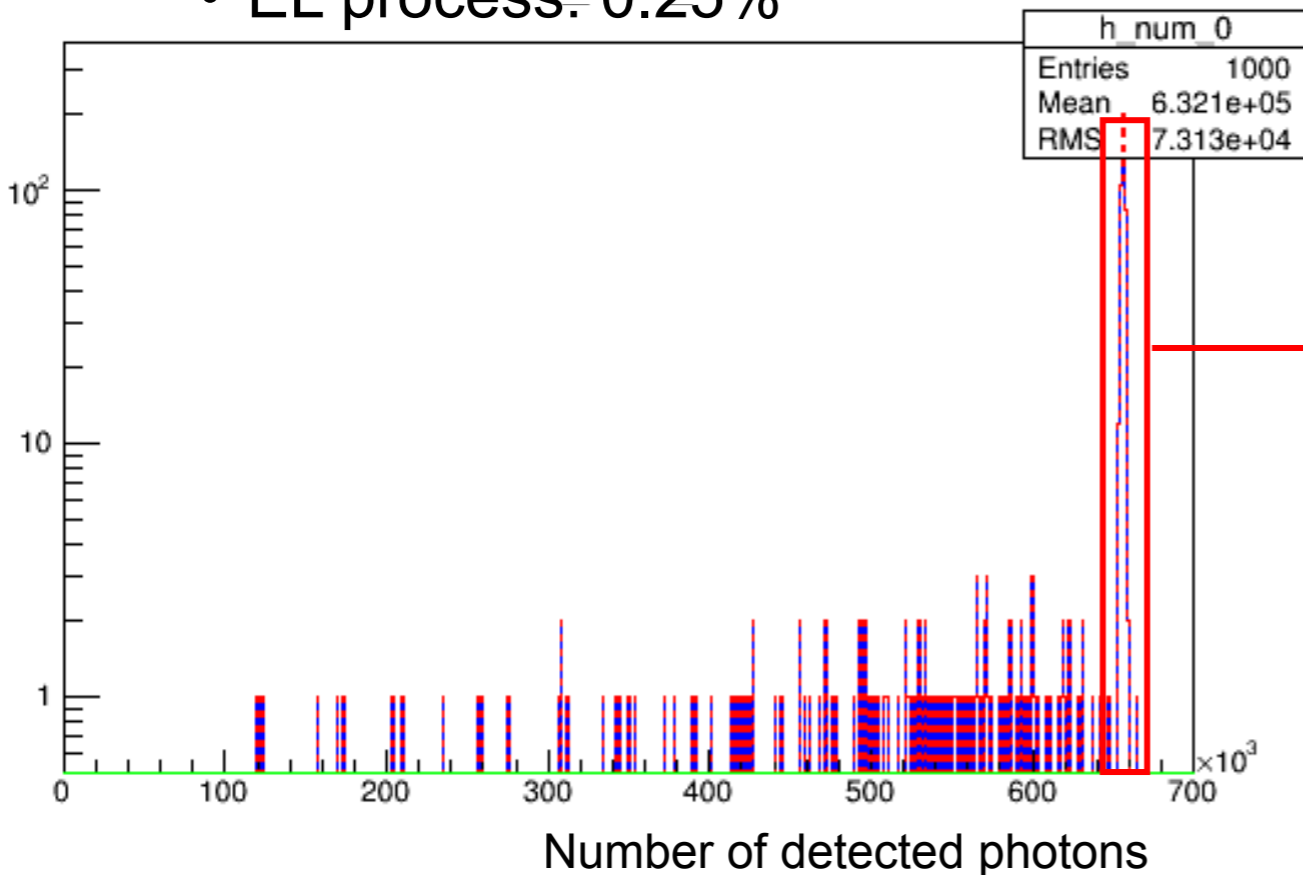
Initial position dependence of EL yield



Simulation study

Estimated energy resolution

- Simulation process
 - $0\nu\beta\beta$ event by Geant4
 - statistical fluctuation with fano factor
 - drift to the ELCC plane with diffusion
 - EL generation (6photon/e-)
- Simulated energy resolution: 0.37%(FWHM)
 - ionizing process: 0.27%
 - EL process: 0.25%



AXEL experiments

Simulation study

Prototype detector (1) : 10 L prototype

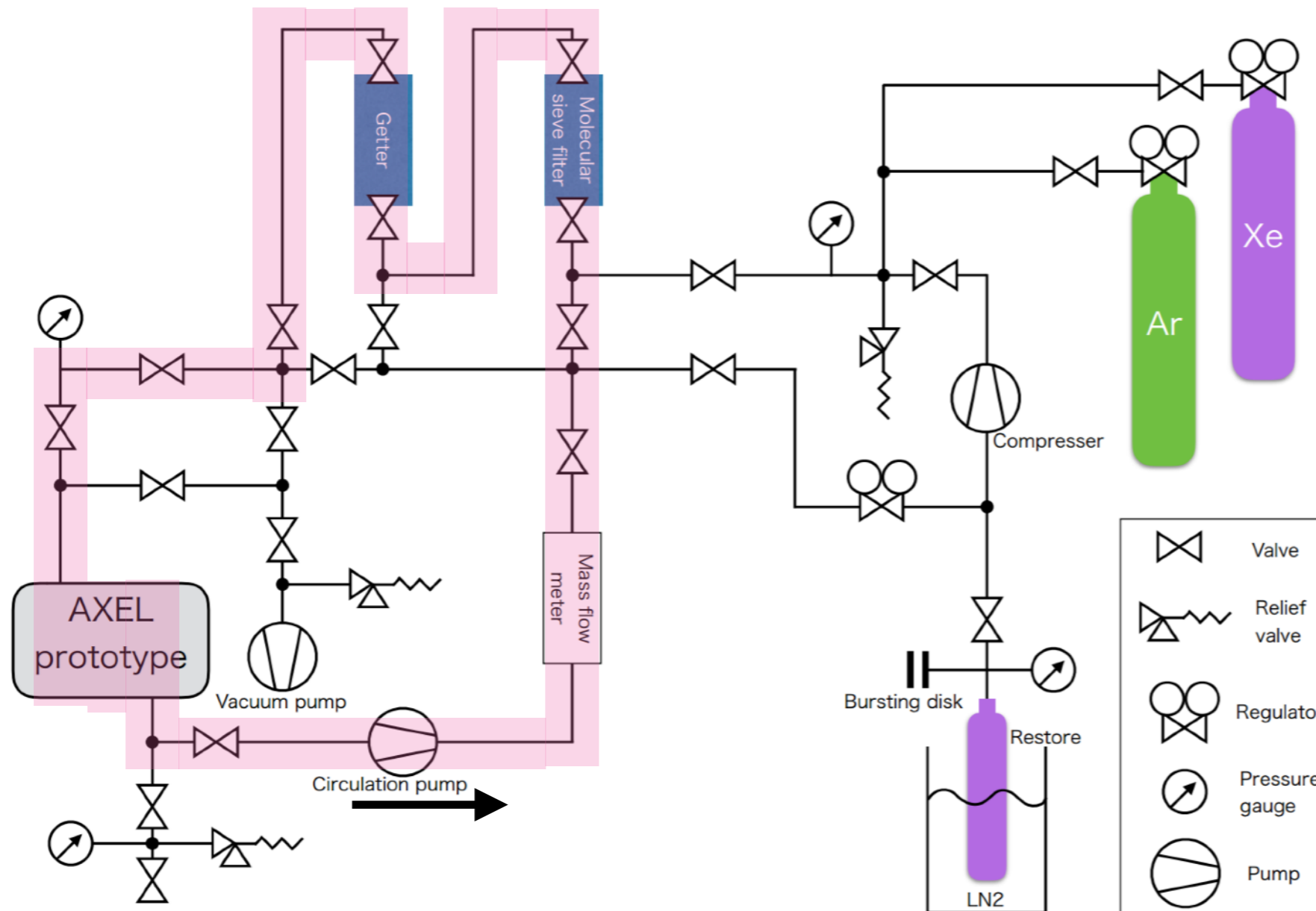
Prototype detector (2) : 180 L prototype

Summary

Prototype detector (1) : 10L prototype

Gas system

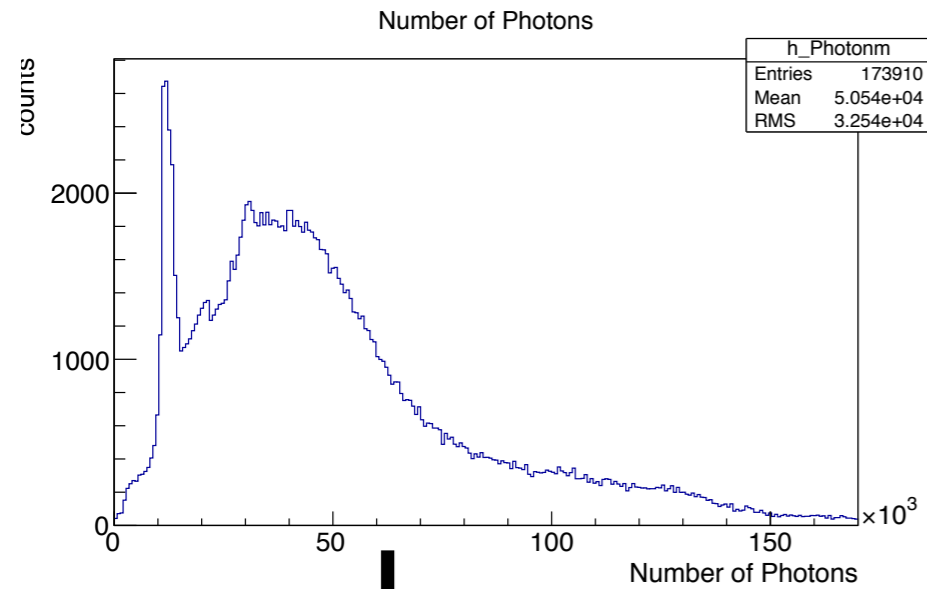
- circulation pump : PumpWorks PW2070
- SEAS micro torr MC1-902FV
- API GETTER-I Re



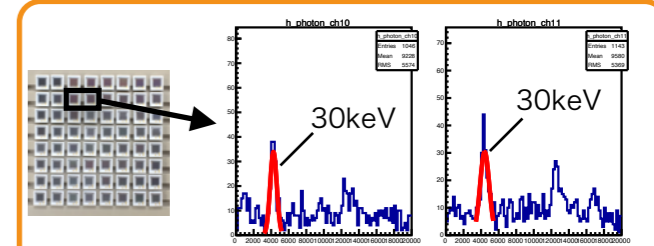
Prototype detector (1) : 10L prototype

Data and Analysis

- Gas : Xe 8 bar
- E_{drift} : 83 V/cm/bar
- E_{EL} : 2.375 kV/cm/bar
- source : ^{133}Ba

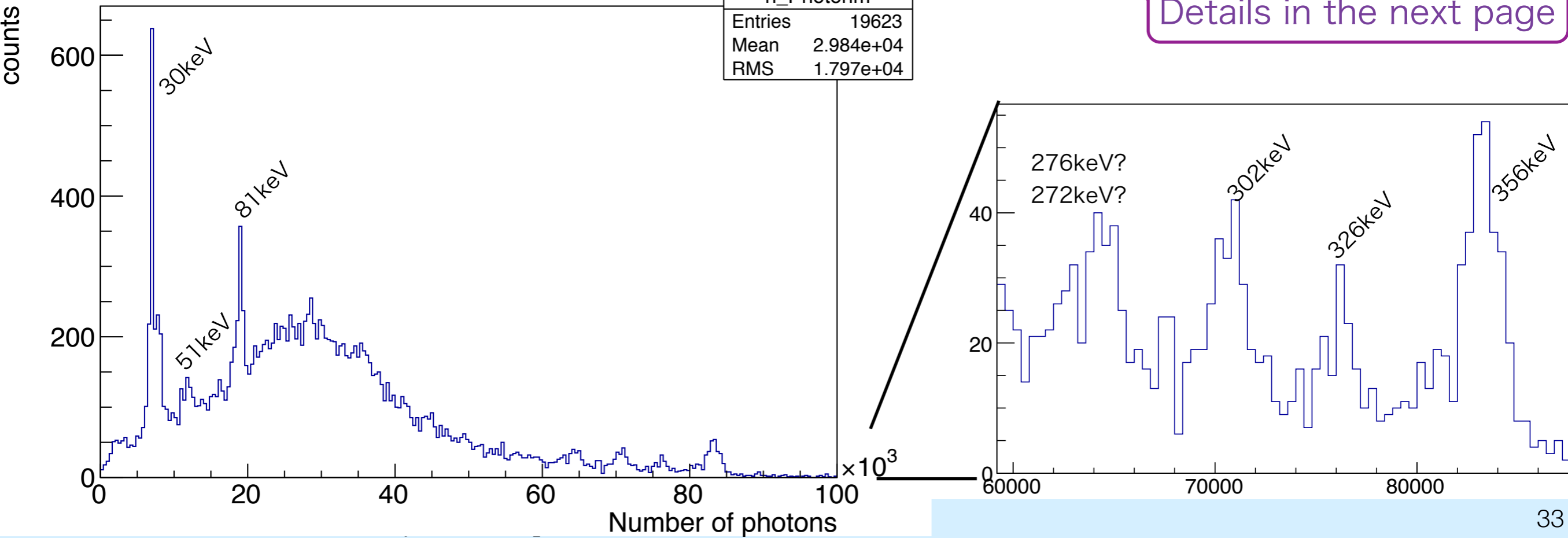


- Fiducial cut
- Saturated event \rightarrow cut
- Cell gain calibration
- MPPC saturation correction
- etc.....



Correction using 30 keV X-ray peak position

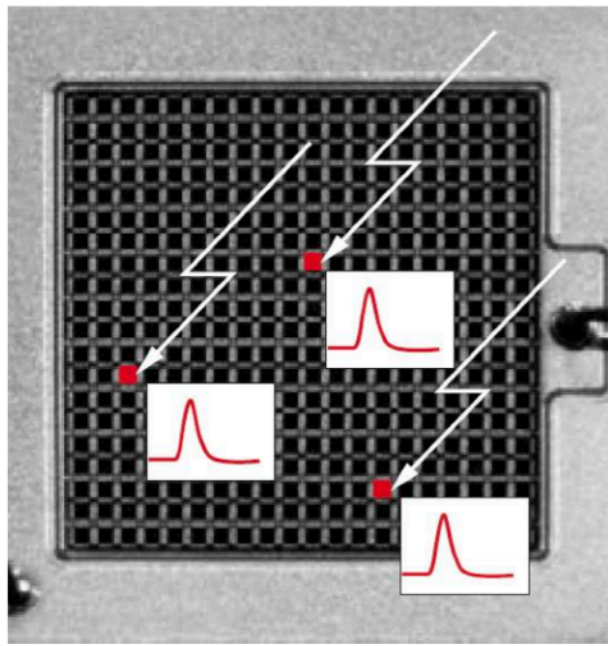
Details in the next page



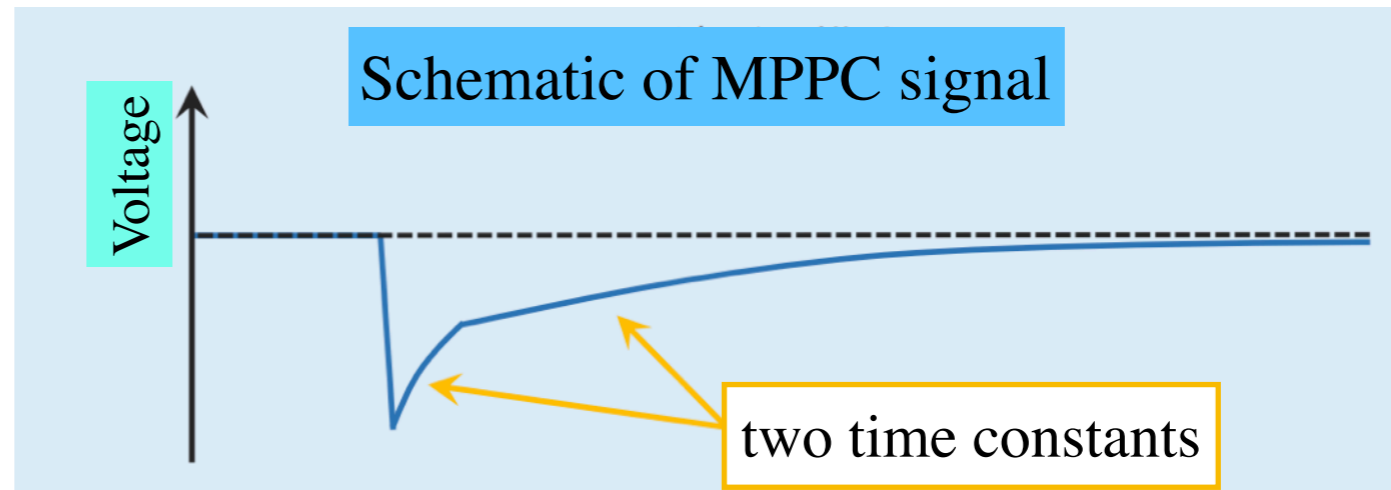
Prototype detector (1) : 10L prototype

MPPC saturation correction

- Signal is saturated as # of incident photons approaches the total number of pixel of MPPC

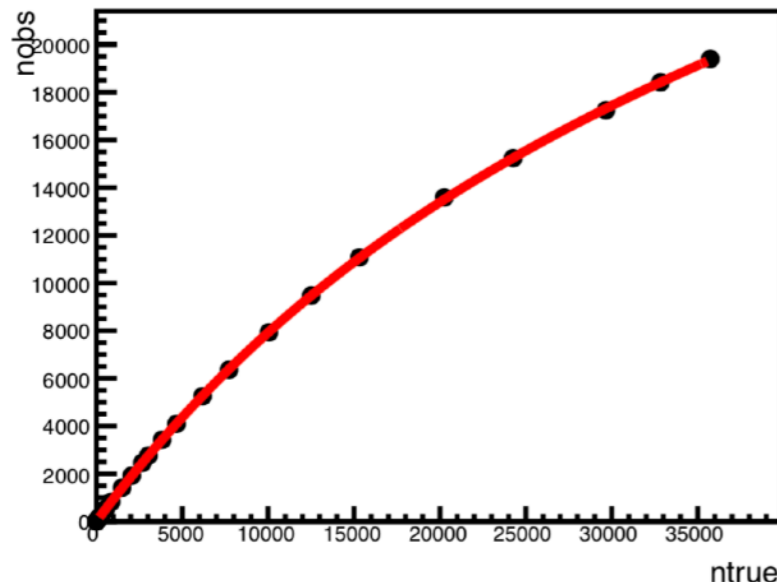


recovery 2param

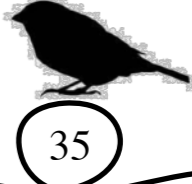


$$N_{\text{obs}} = \frac{\alpha N_{\text{ref}}}{1 + \tau_1 / (N_{\text{pix}} \cdot \Delta t) N_{\text{ref}}} + \frac{\beta N_{\text{ref}}}{1 + \tau_2 / (N_{\text{pix}} \cdot \Delta t) N_{\text{ref}}}$$

- saturation curve is determined by recovery time of MPPC
- Measured recovery time of MPPC one by one, and apply to analysis

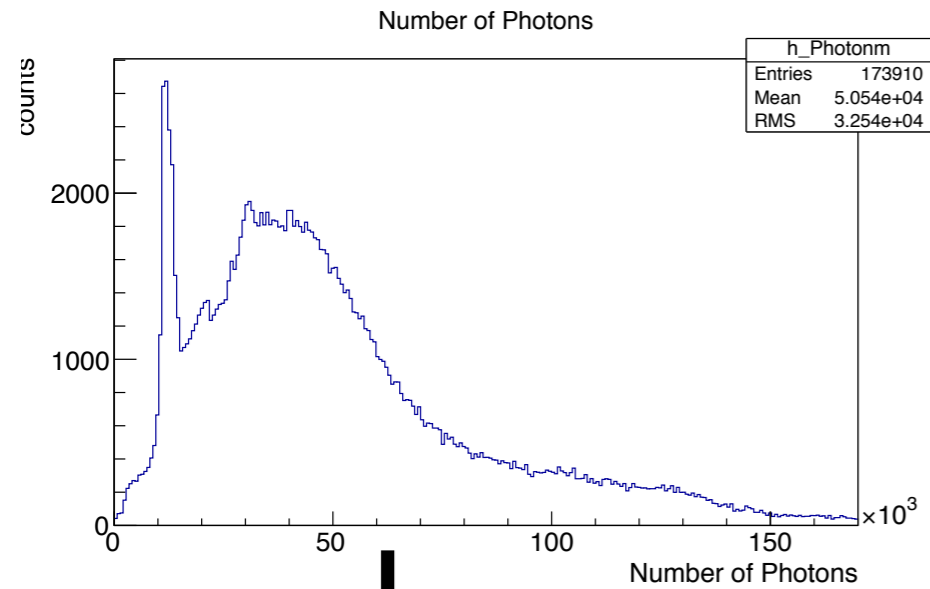


Prototype detector (1) : 10L prototype

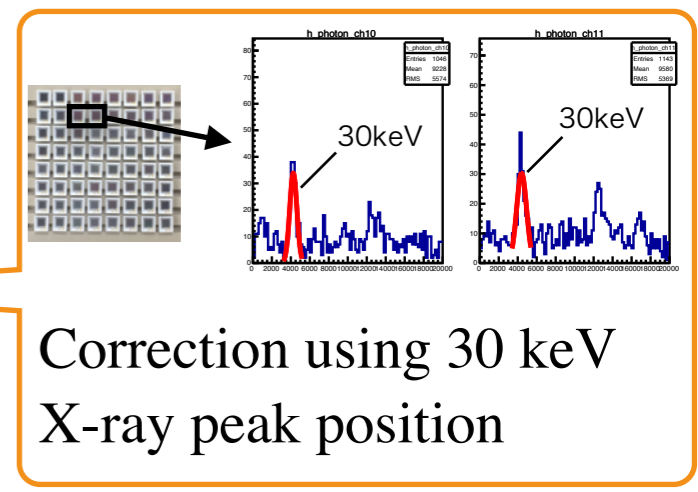


Data and Analysis

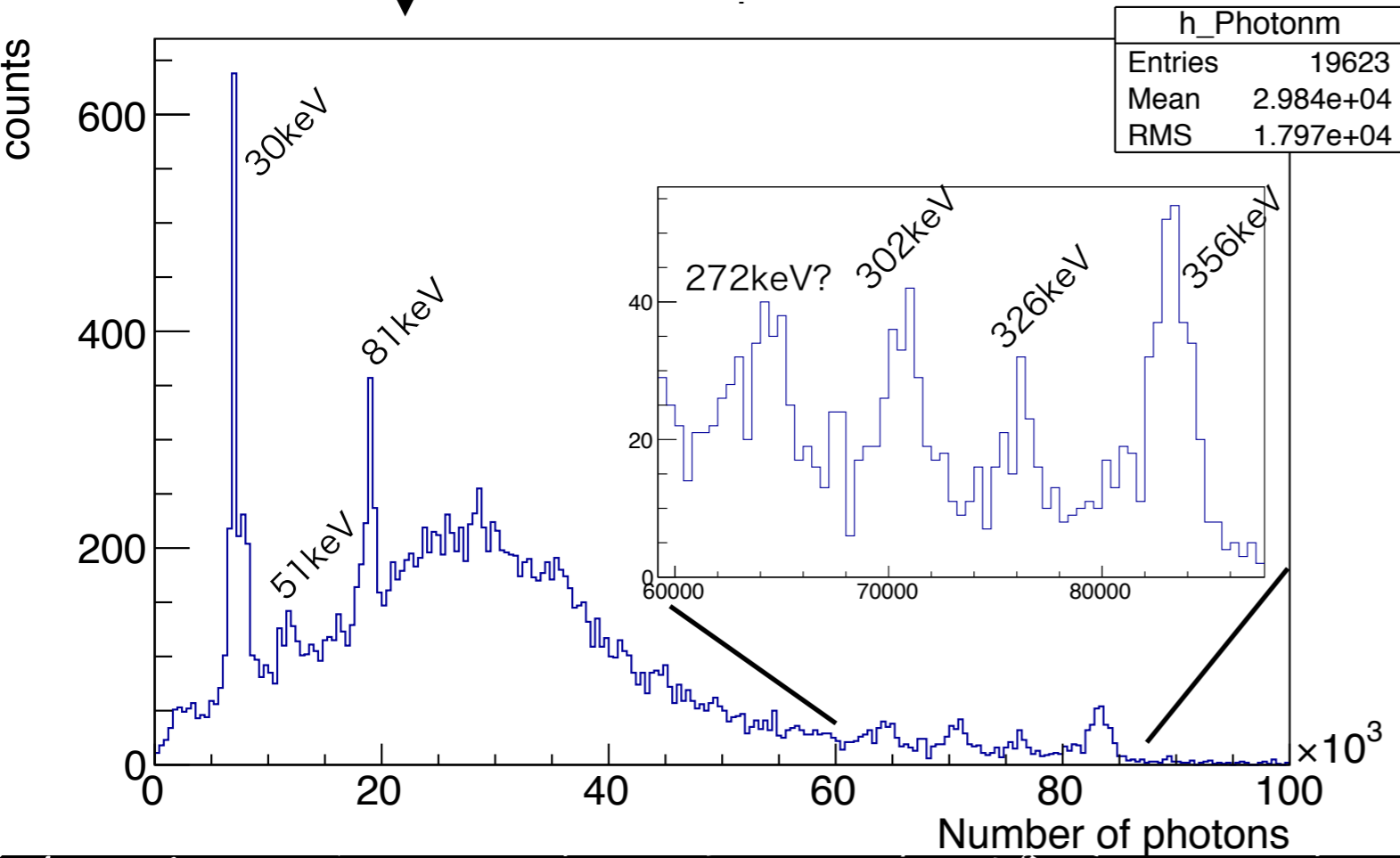
- Gas : Xe 8 bar
- E_{drift} : 83 V/cm/bar
- E_{EL} : 2.375 kV/cm/bar
- source : ^{133}Ba



- Fiducial cut
- Saturated events \rightarrow cut
- Cell gain calibration
- MPPC saturation correction
- etc.....

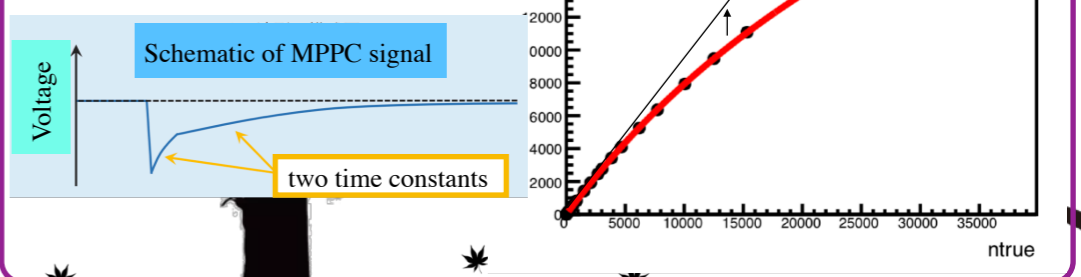


Correction using 30 keV X-ray peak position



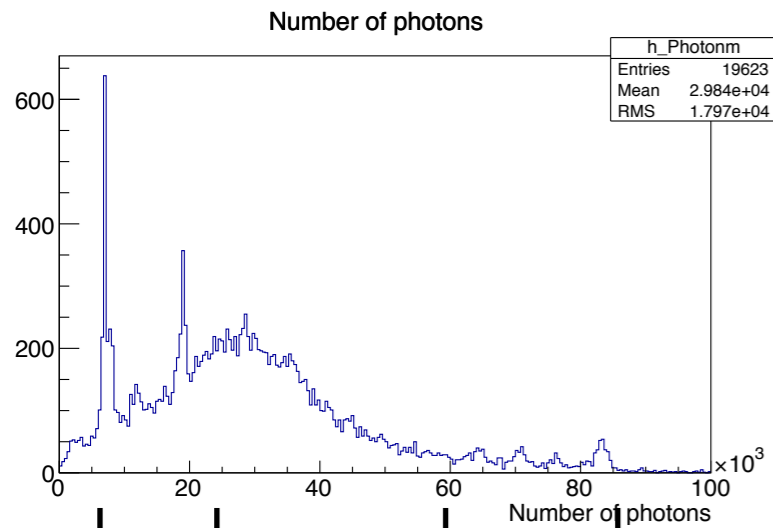
MPPC signal saturate as # of incident photons increases

- saturation curve is characterized by MPPC recovery time
- measured recovery time one by one \rightarrow apply to correction

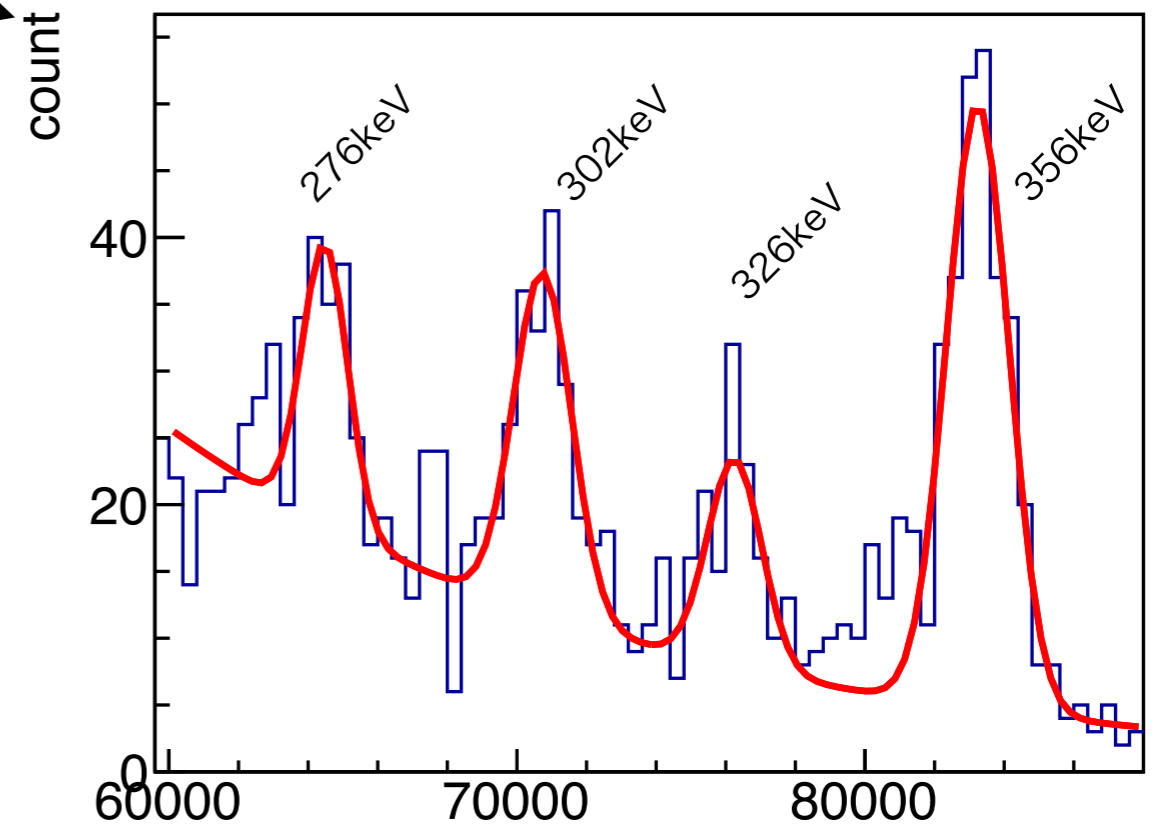
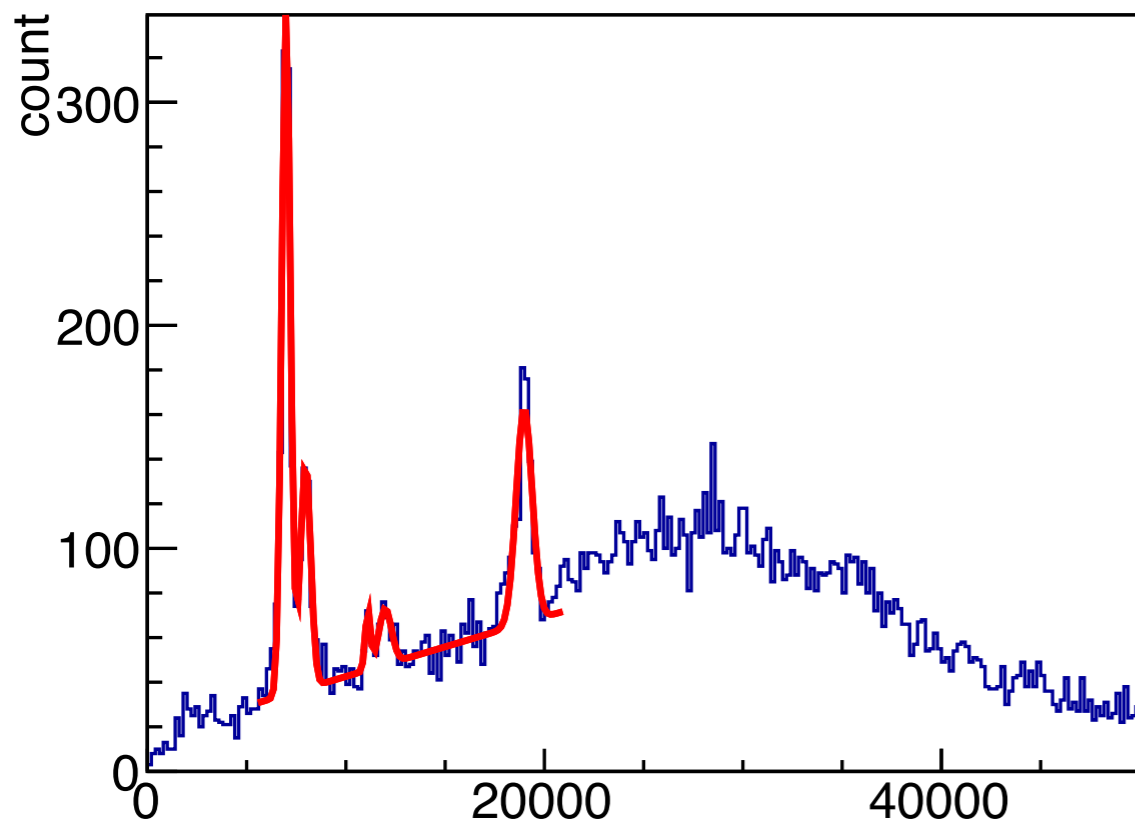


Prototype detector (1) : 10L prototype

Fitting of the histogram



- Fitting by “ Σ gaussian + ax+b” in low E region
- Fitting by “ Σ gaussian + exp” in high E region
- ΔE : 2.54% FWHM at 356 keV
- 0.97% FWHM at Q-value, extrapolated by \sqrt{E}



Contents

AXEL experiments

Prototype detector (1) : 10 L prototype

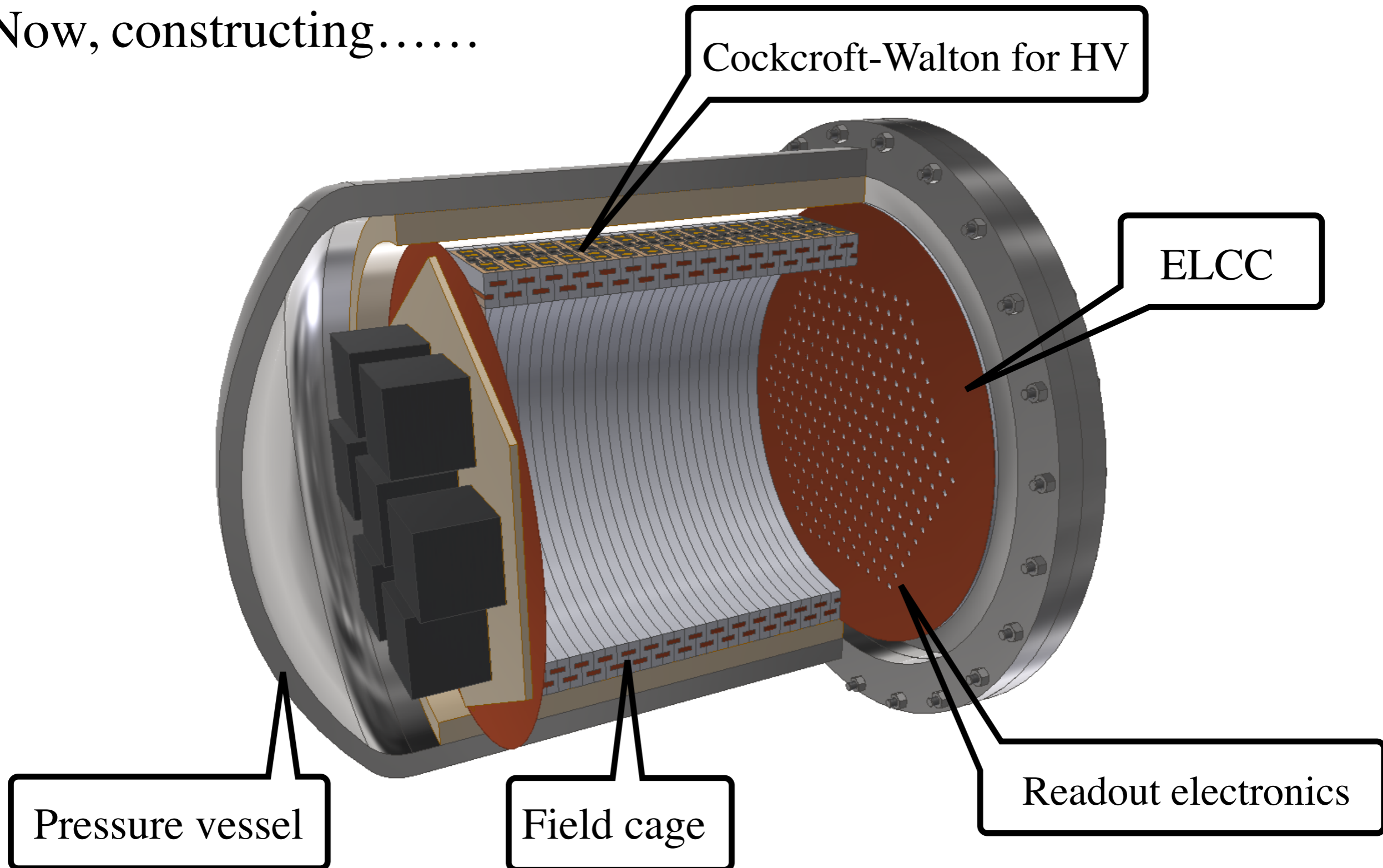
Prototype detector (2) : 180 L prototype

Future prospect

Summary

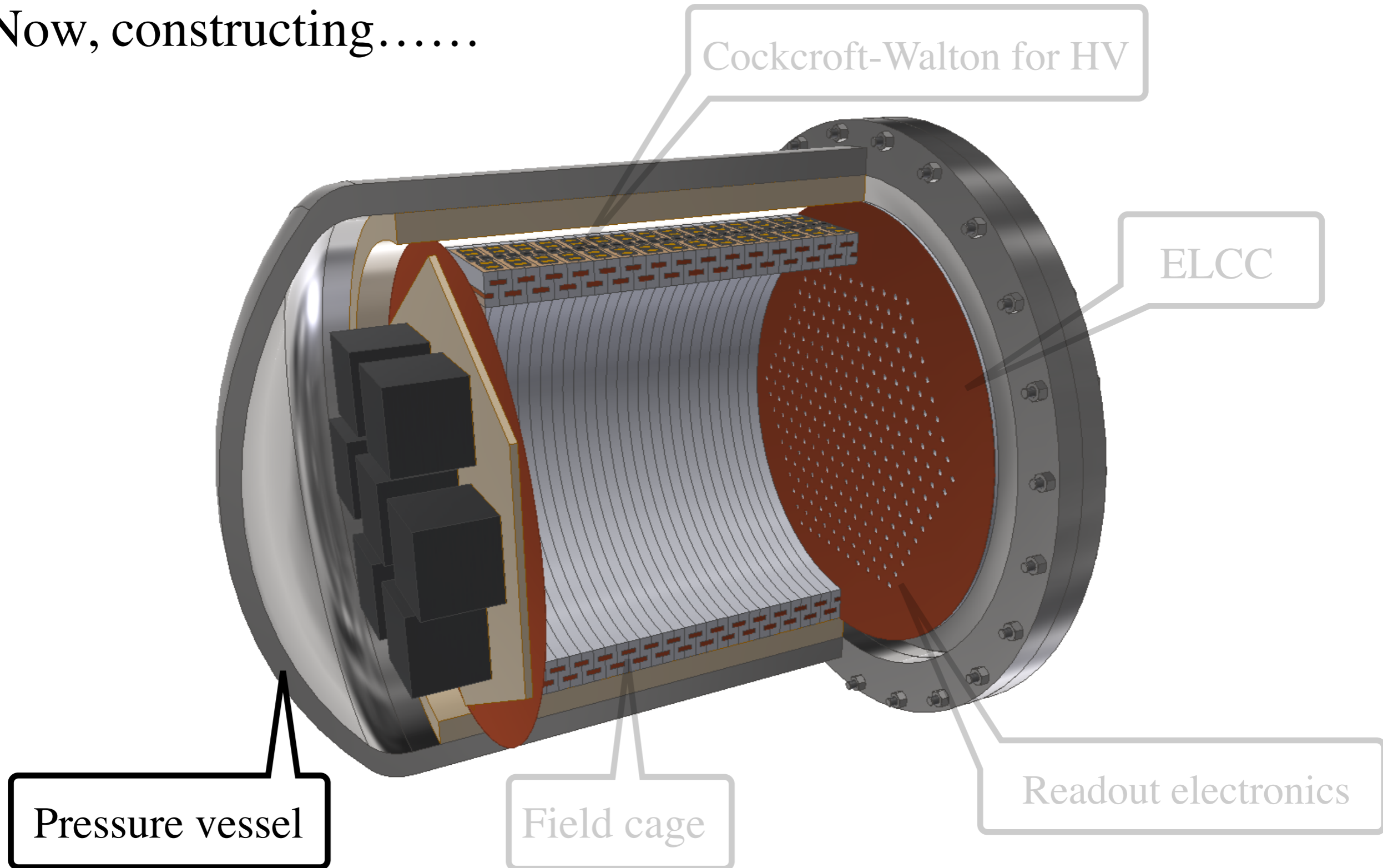
Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

- Evaluation of energy resolution near the Q-value
- Now, constructing.....



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

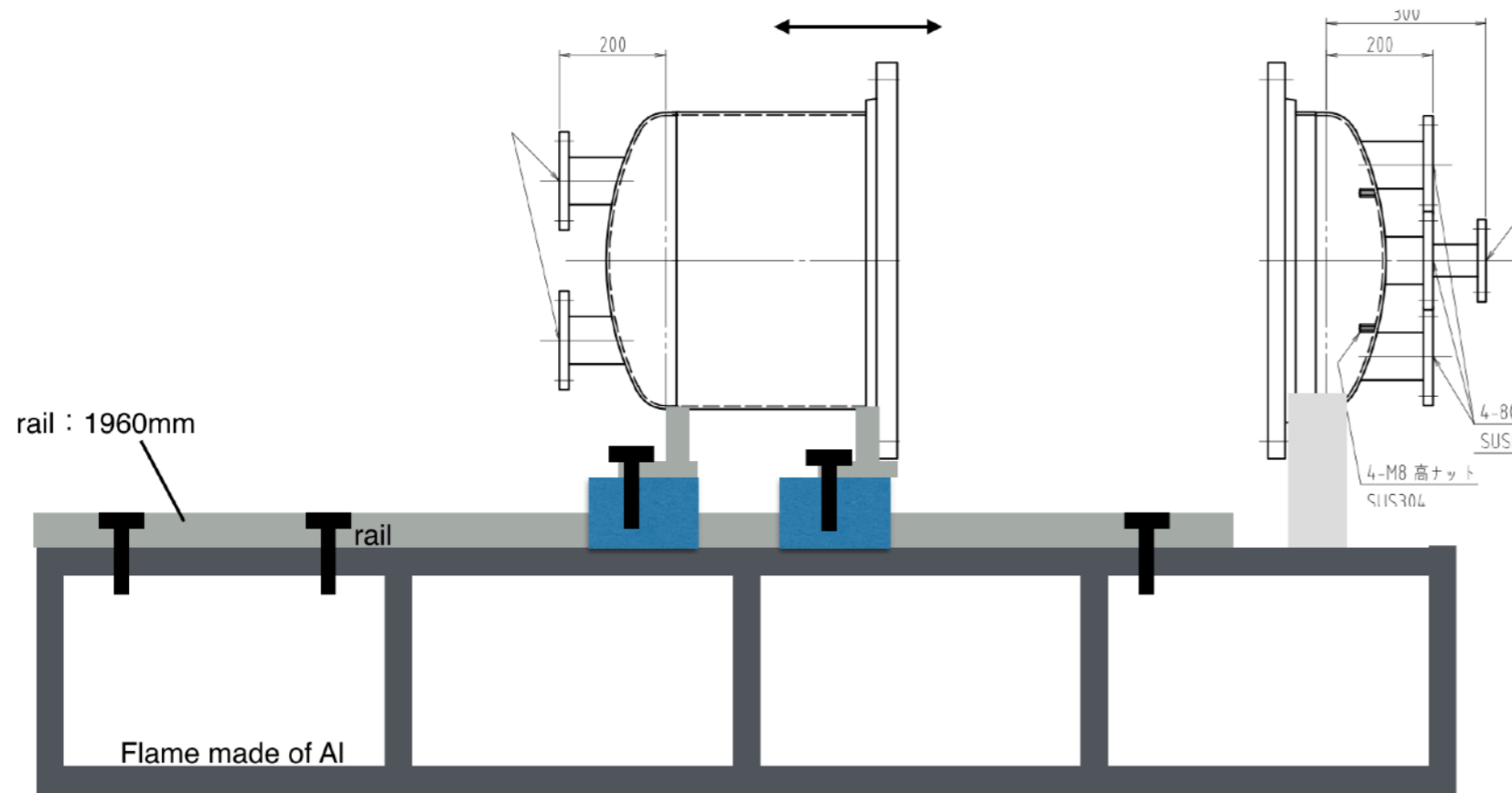
- Evaluation of energy resolution near the Q-value
- Now, constructing.....



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

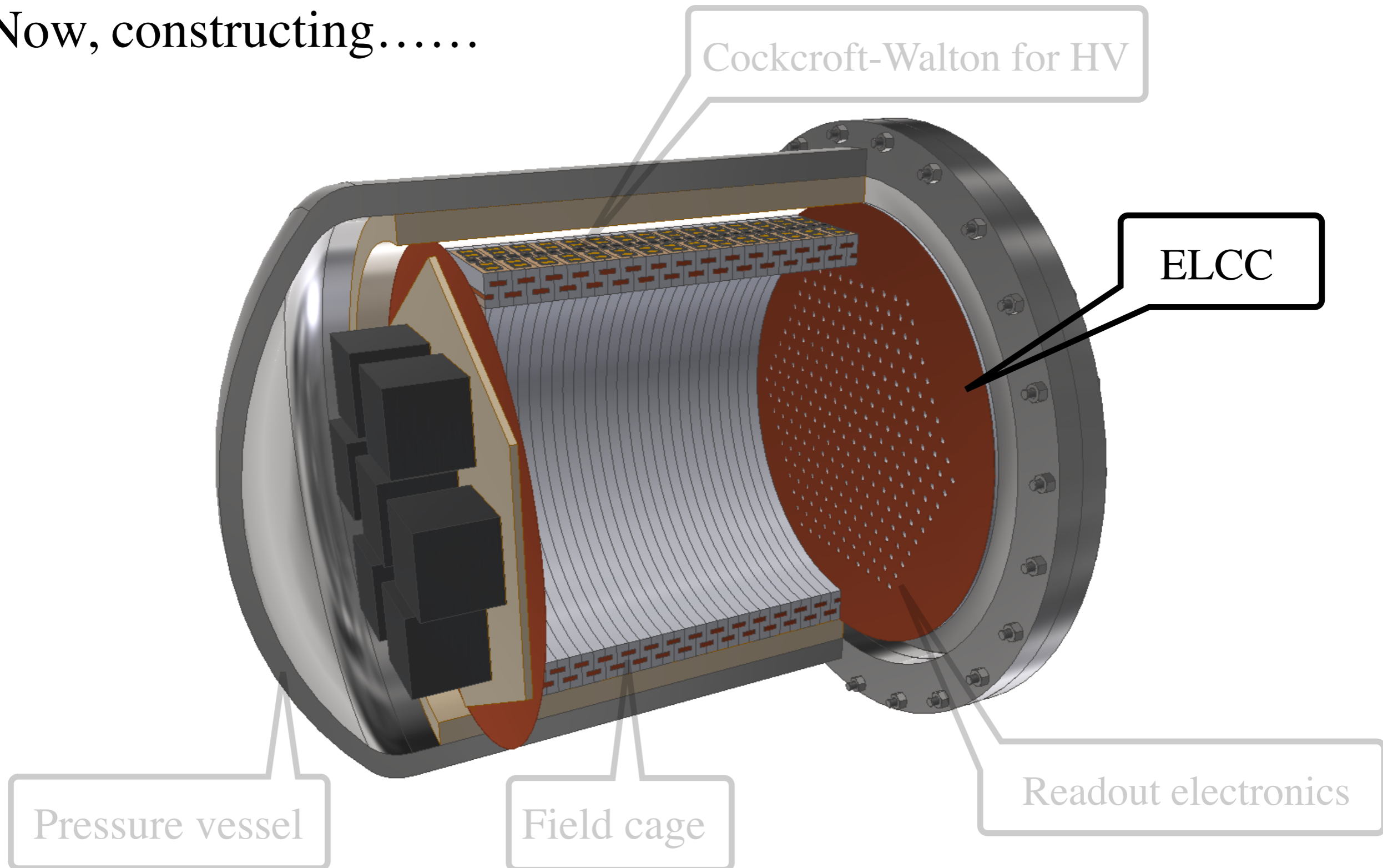
Pressure vessel

- SUS304L
- Volume : ~180L (Sensitive Volume : ~100L)
- Now, ready !



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

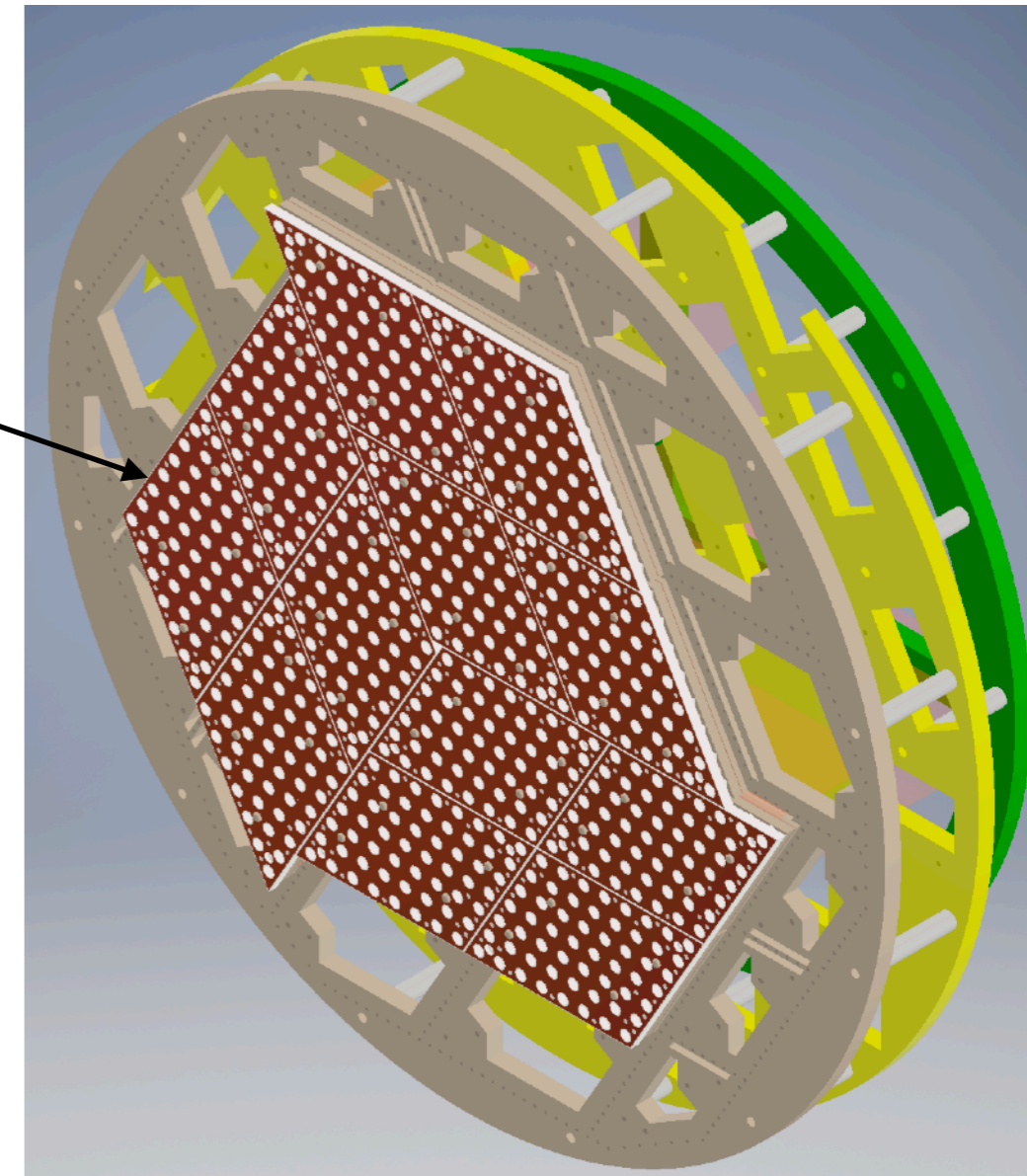
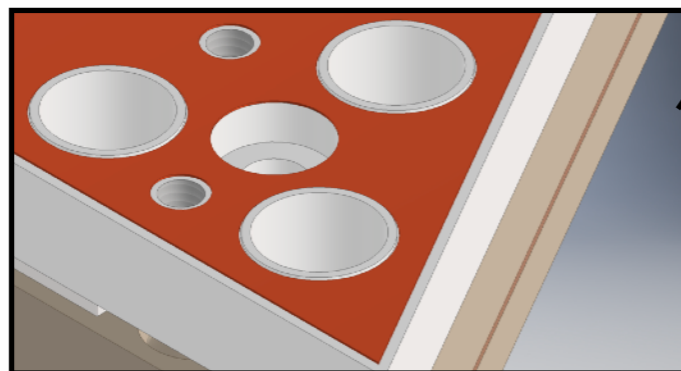
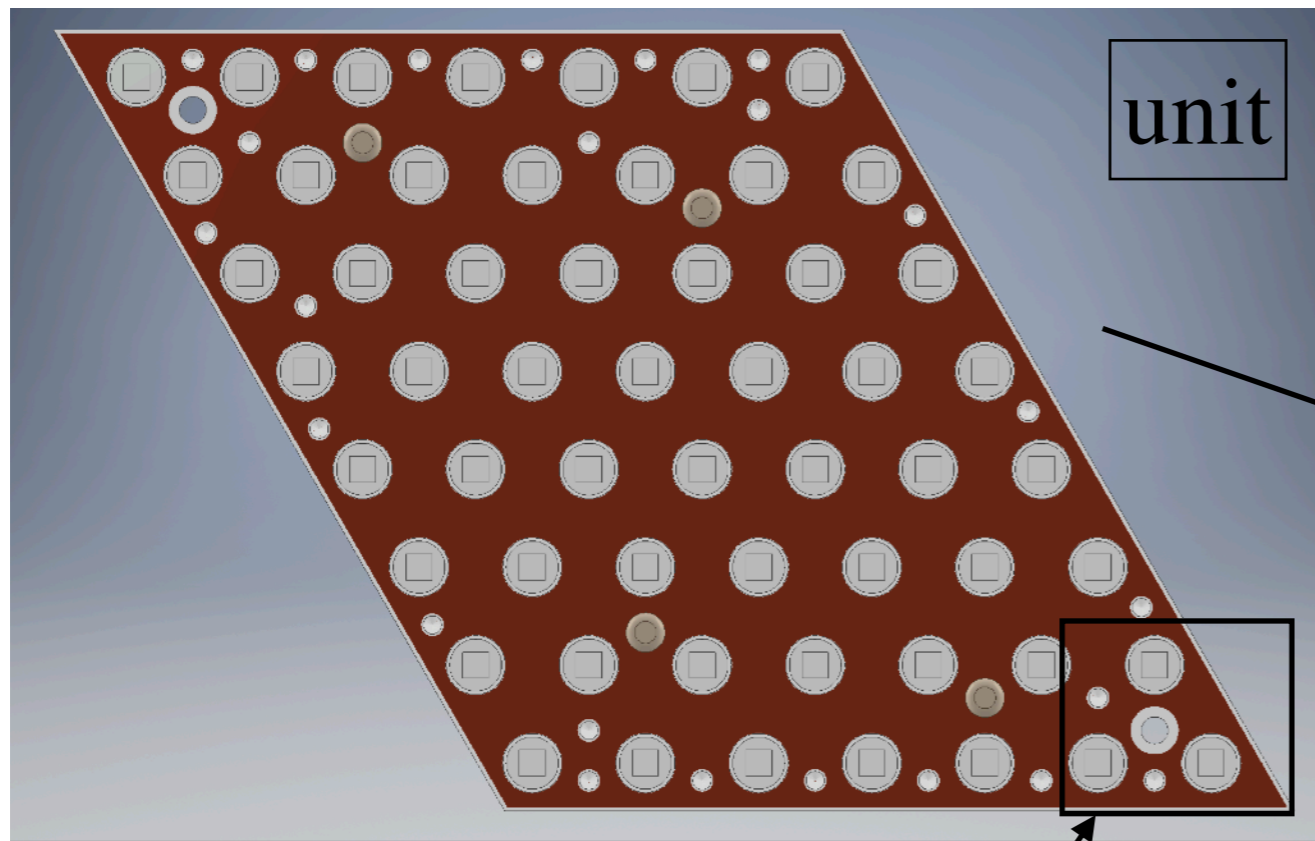
- Evaluation of energy resolution near the Q-value
- Now, constructing.....



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

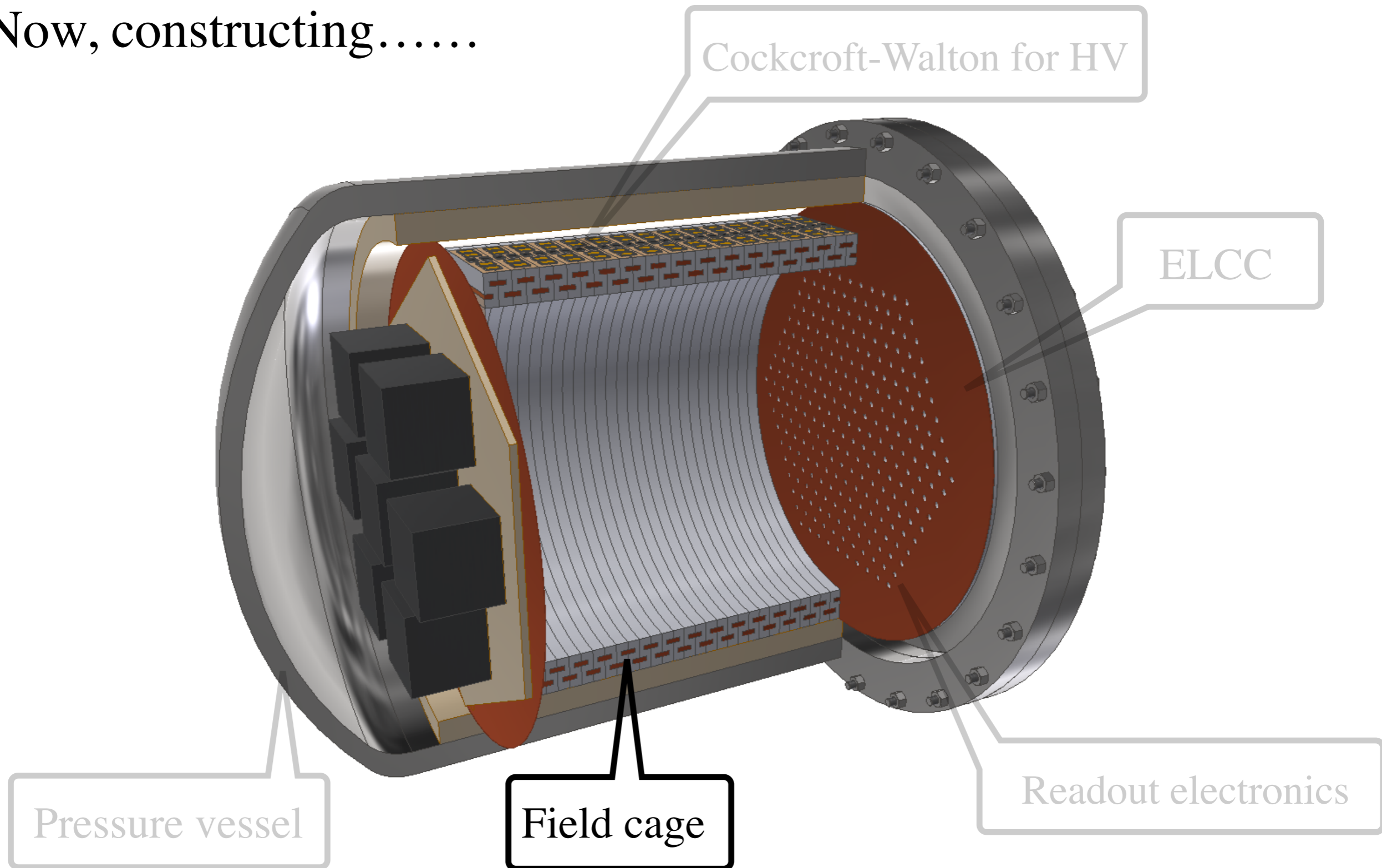
ELCC

- Prefabricated style → easily to extend
- Number of channels : ~1000 ch
- Design is almost fixed



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

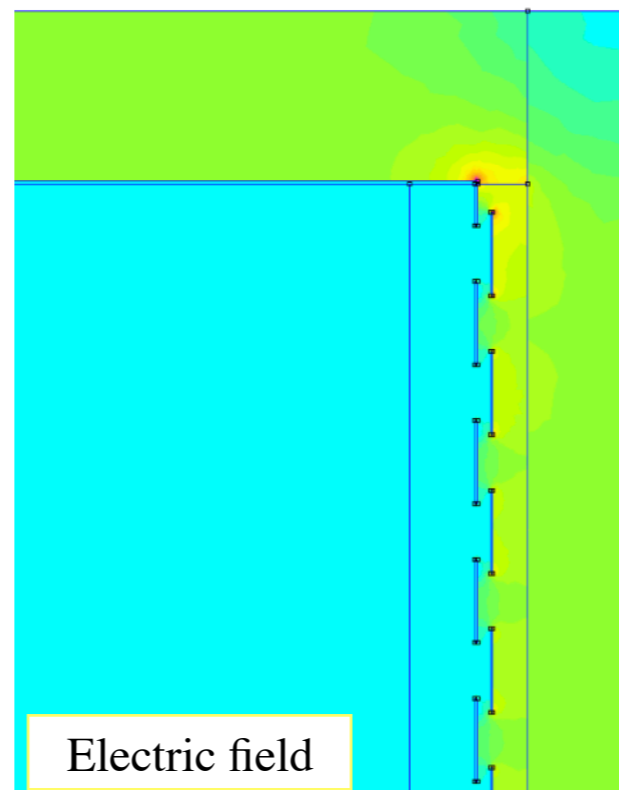
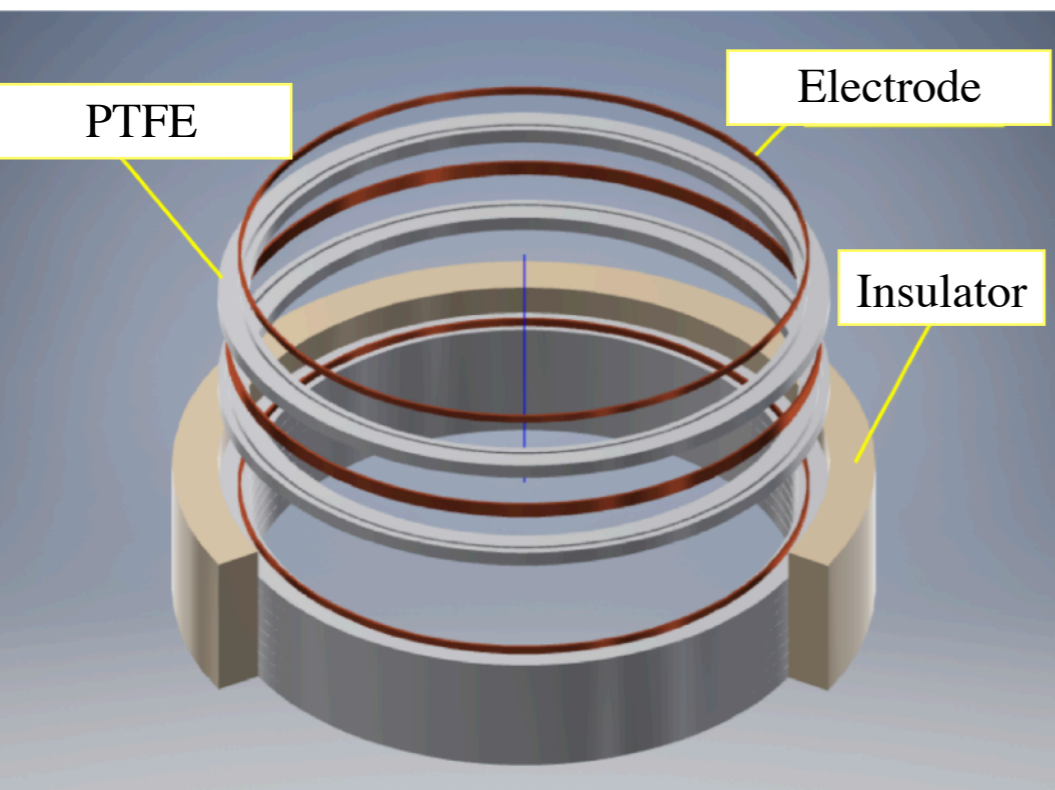
- Evaluation of energy resolution near the Q-value
- Now, constructing.....



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

Field cage

- Alignment drift field by strip electrodes
- Reflecting scintillation photons by PTFE
- Withstand discharge structure
- Uniformity of Field strength is checked by FEM simulation
- Now, testing with 10L prototype detector

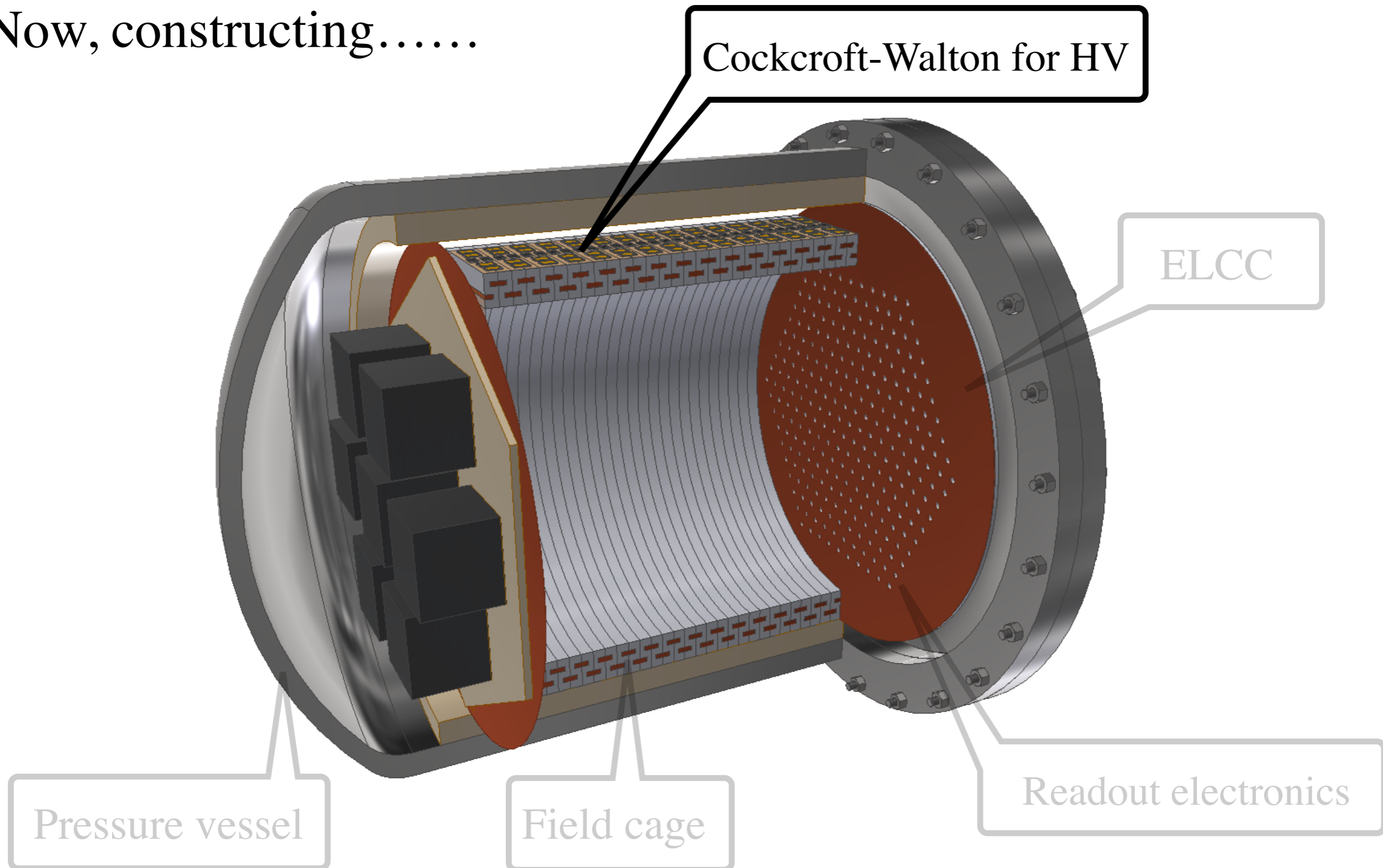


Electric field simulation by FEM



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

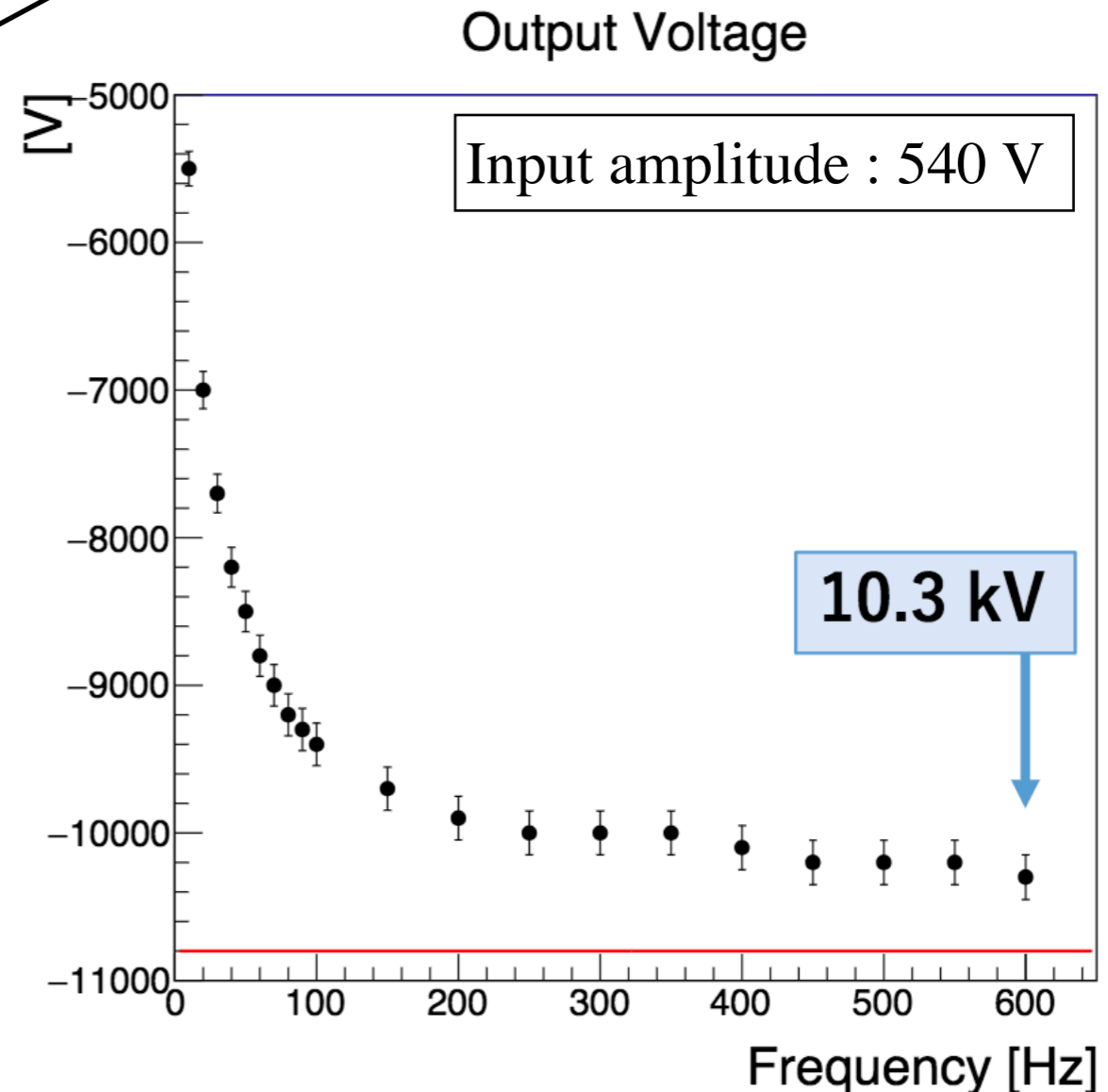
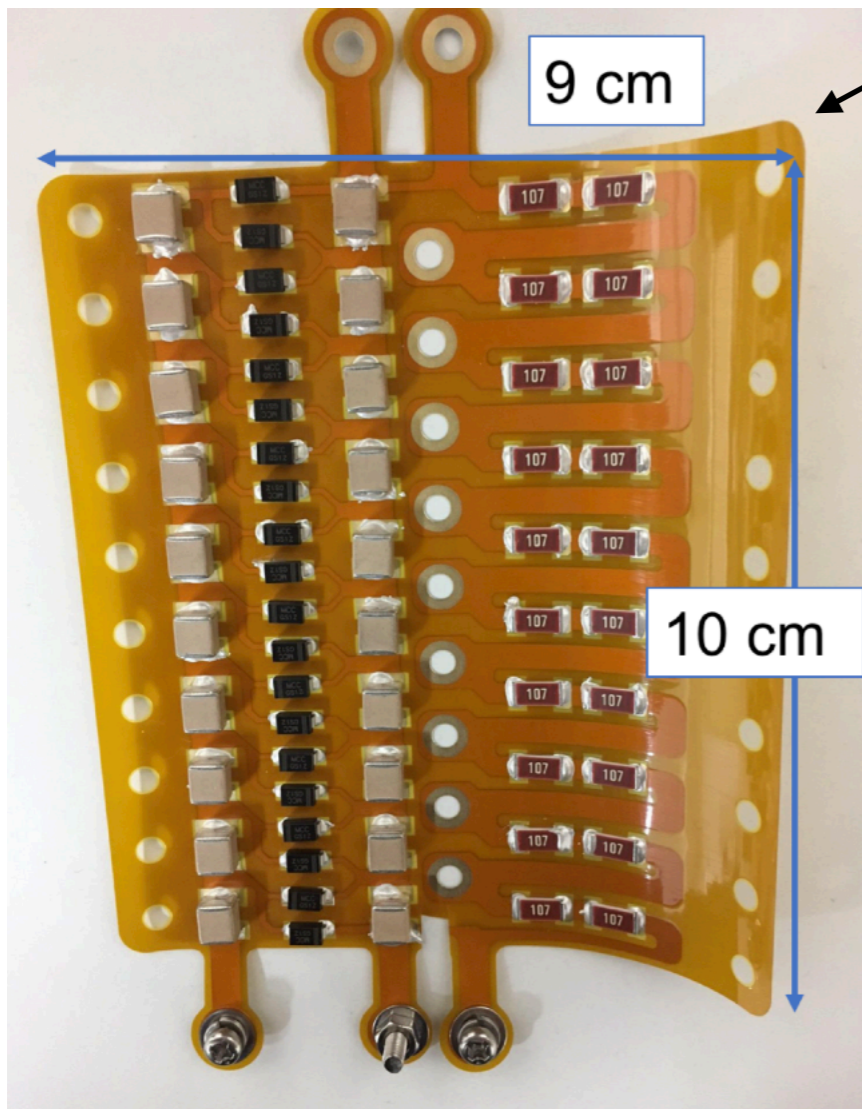
- Evaluation of energy resolution near the Q-value
- Now, constructing.....



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

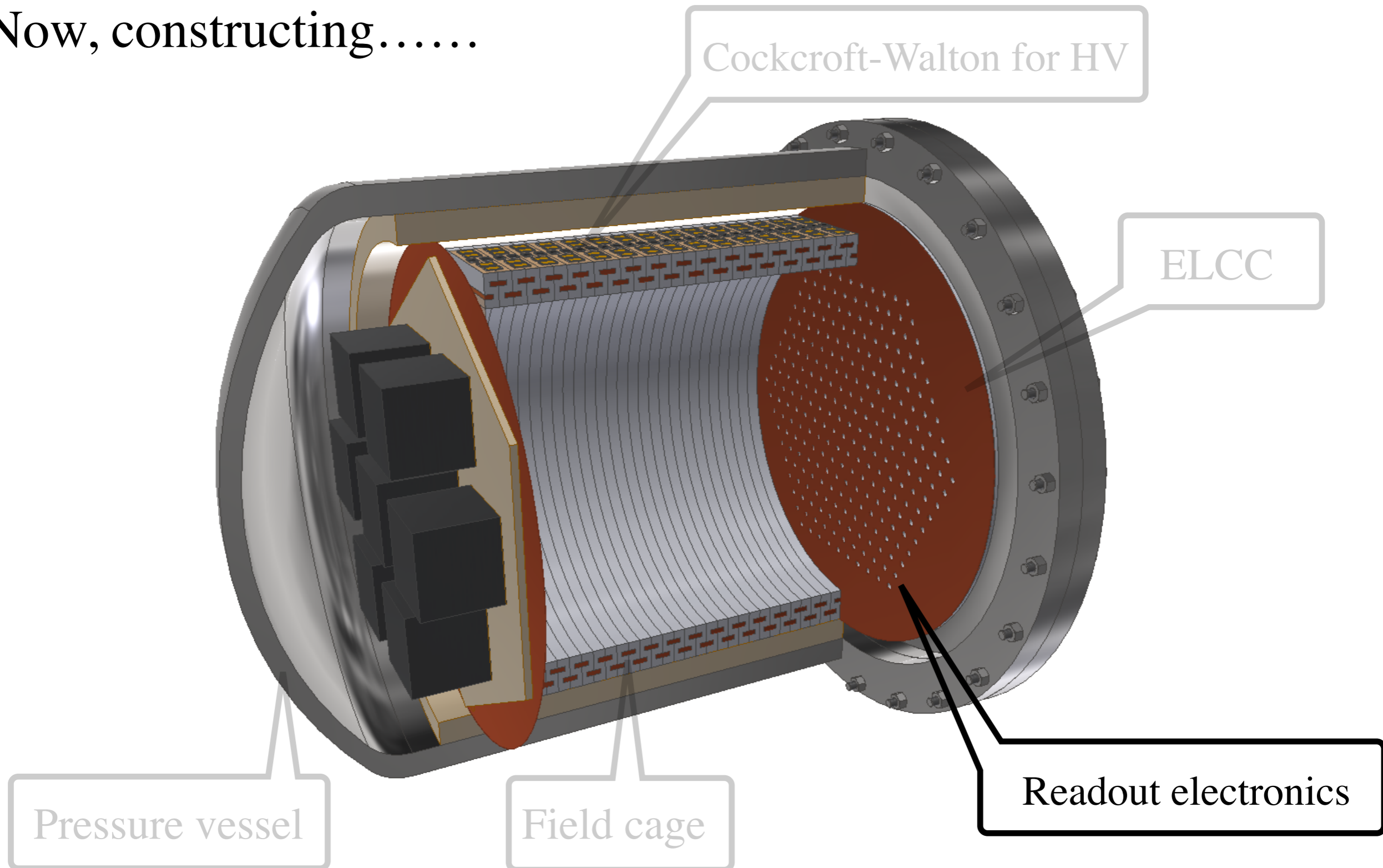
Introduce low voltage into chamber and boost by Cockcroft-Wakton inside the chamber to avoid discharge at feedthrough

- Low outgas due to Polyimide
- succeed to generate 10kV with a prototype



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

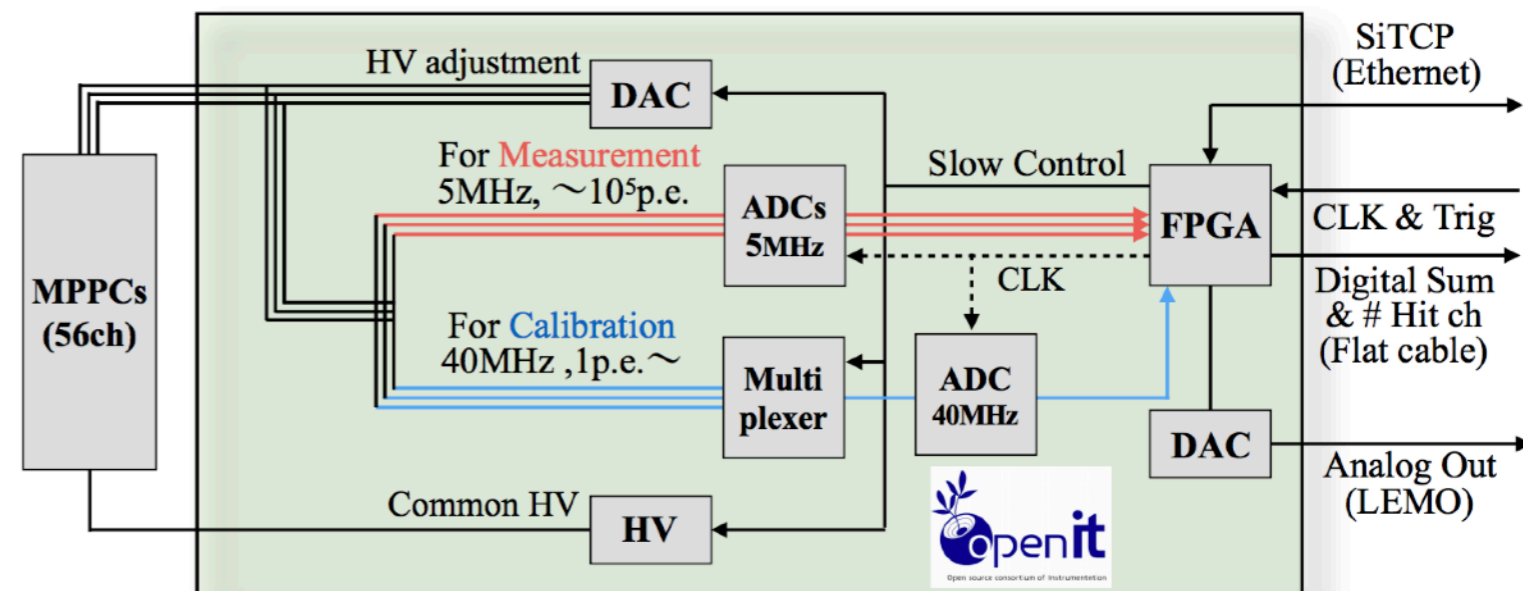
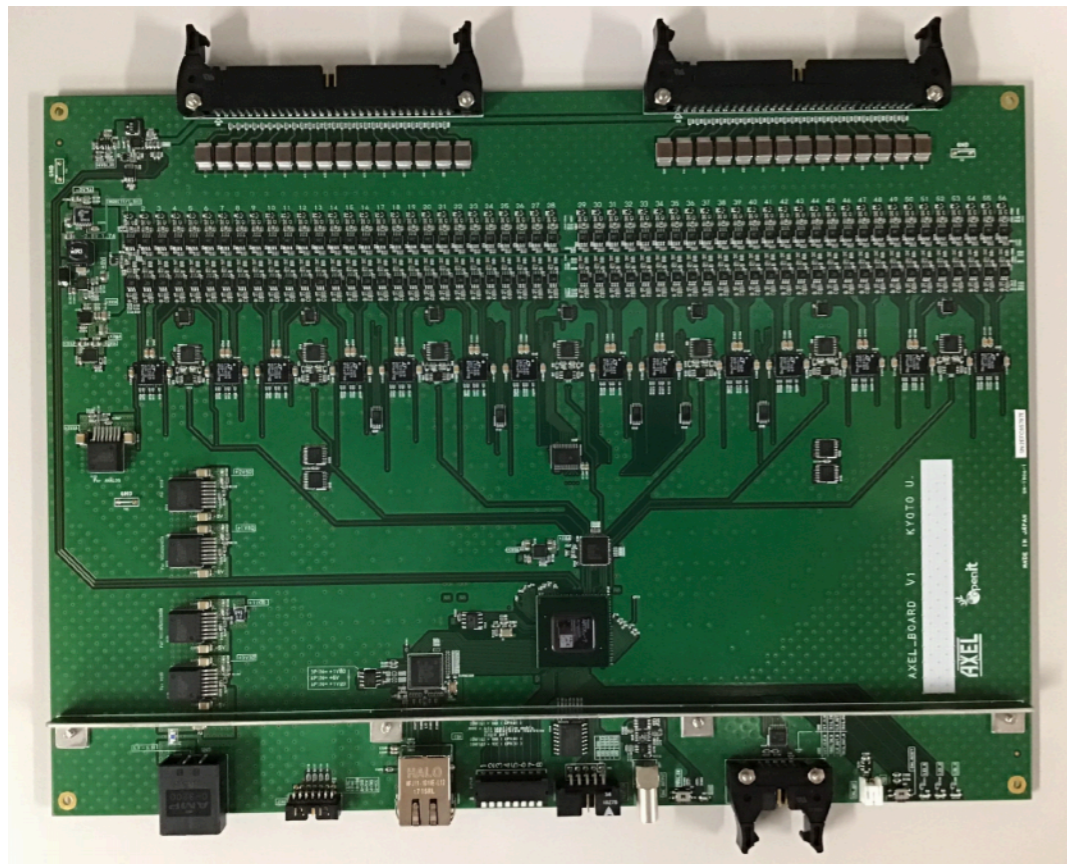
- Evaluation of energy resolution near the Q-value
- Now, constructing.....



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

Readout Electronics

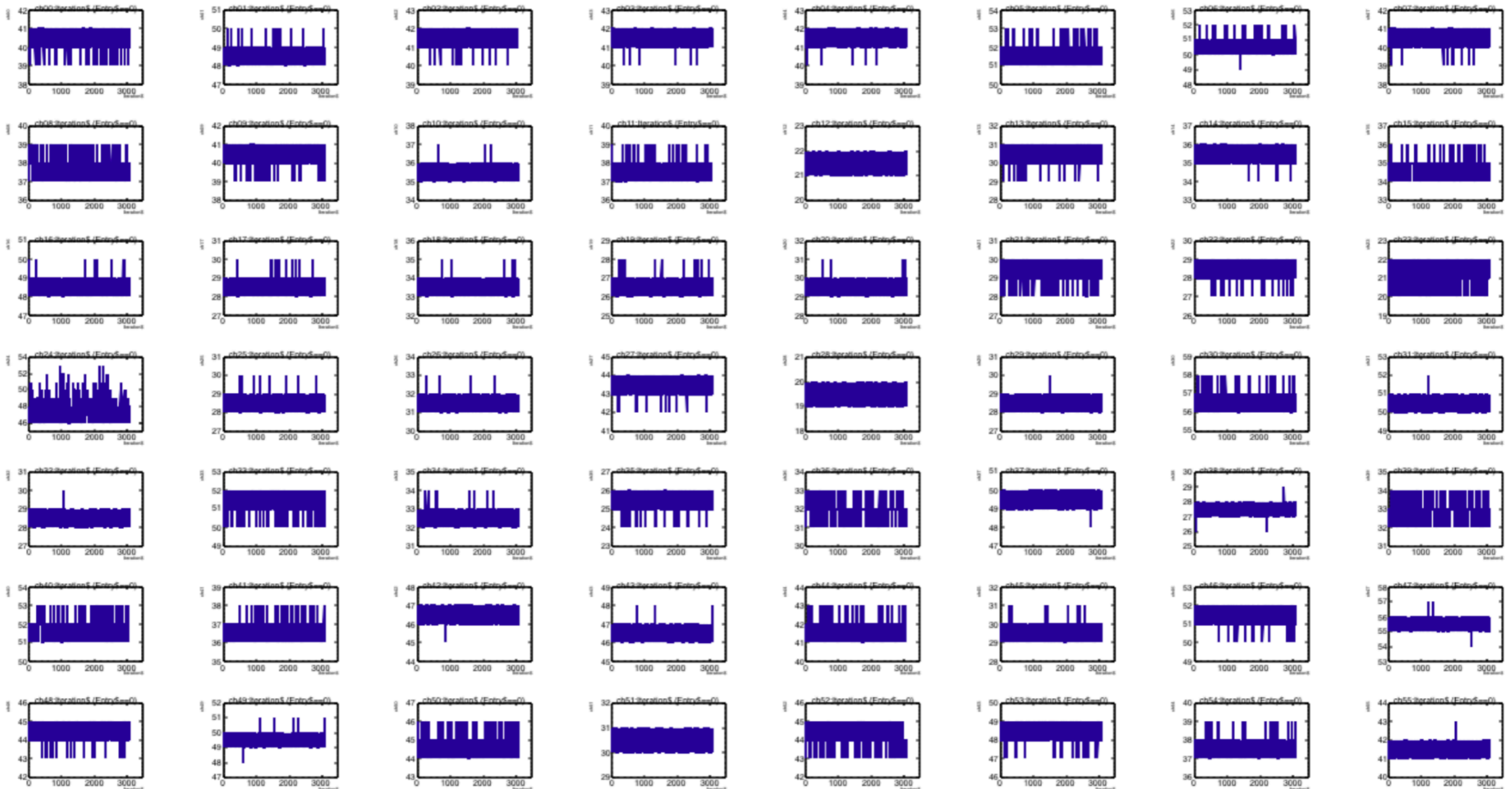
- Readout waveforms of MPPC : 56 ch/board
- Two Flash ADCs to achieve wide dynamic range : 1 p.e \sim 10^4 p.e
- High Voltage supply to MPPCs (in the 0.2mV)
- Monitor MPPC gain constantly
 - adjust (feedback) gain in 0.25% accuracy
- Low cost



Prototype detector (2) : 180L prototype

Readout Electronics

- Succeed to readout waveform signals with both of ADCs



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AXEL experiments

Prototype detector (1) : 10 L prototype

Prototype detector (2) : 180 L prototype

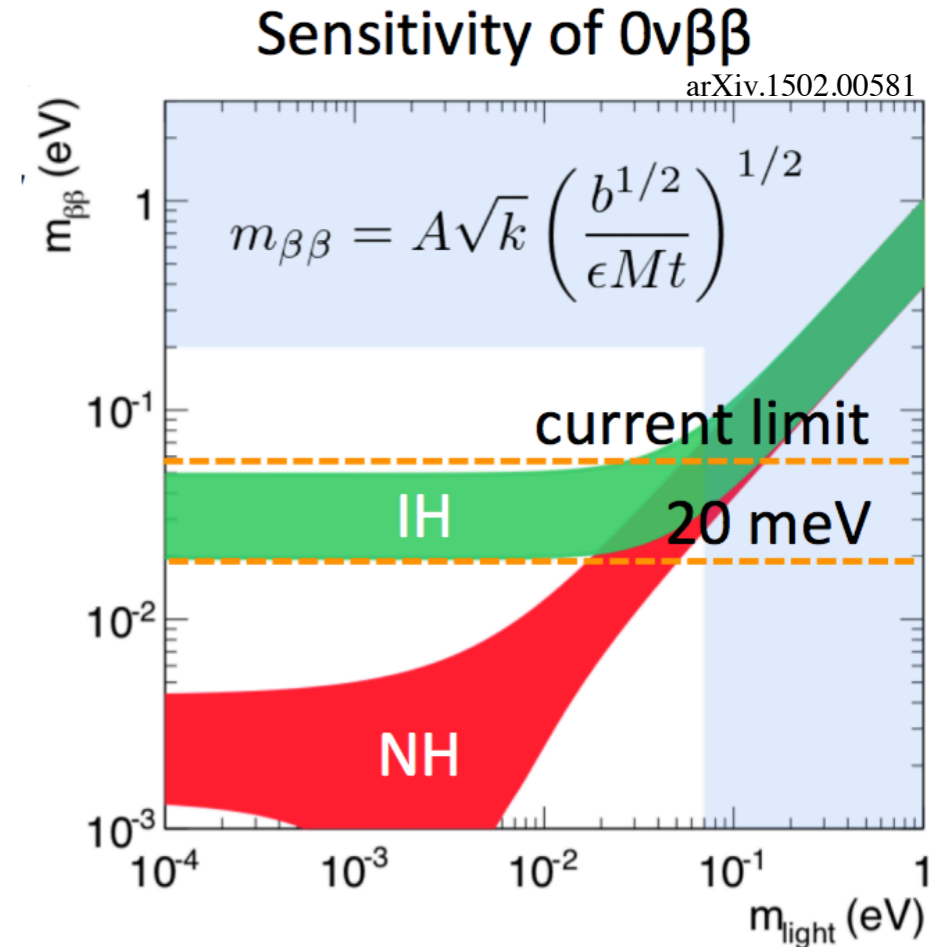
Future prospect

Summary

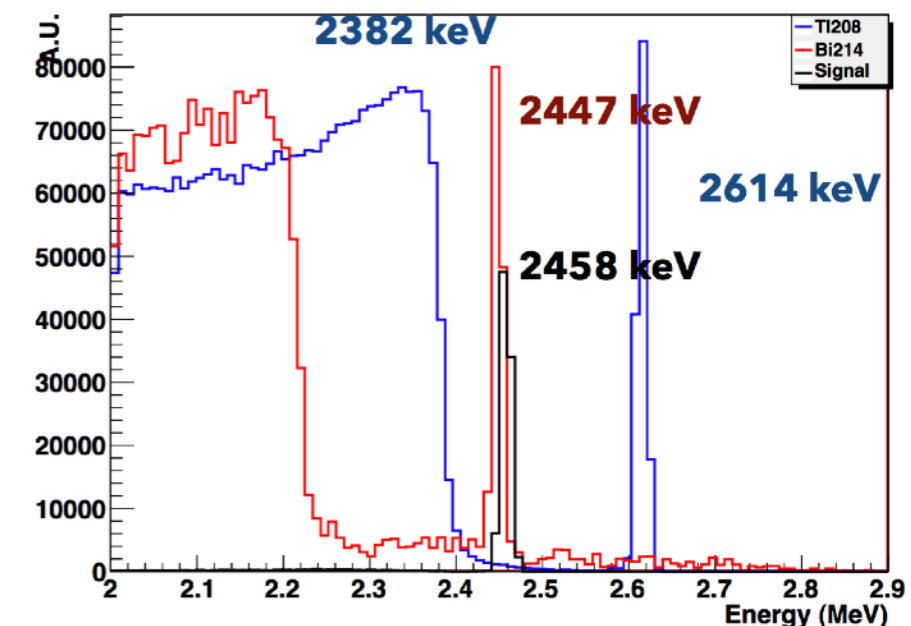
Future prospect

Sensitivity estimation for 1 ton detector

- Need to reach $m_{\beta\beta} = 20$ meV
- Background free is required
- ^{214}Bi (2447 keV) is serious BG source
- Main source : Pressure vessel (~ 10 ton)
- Even if we use oxygen-free copper
2.9 ppt ^{214}Bi (cf. EXO-200)
 $\rightarrow 75$ event/year for 1 ton detector

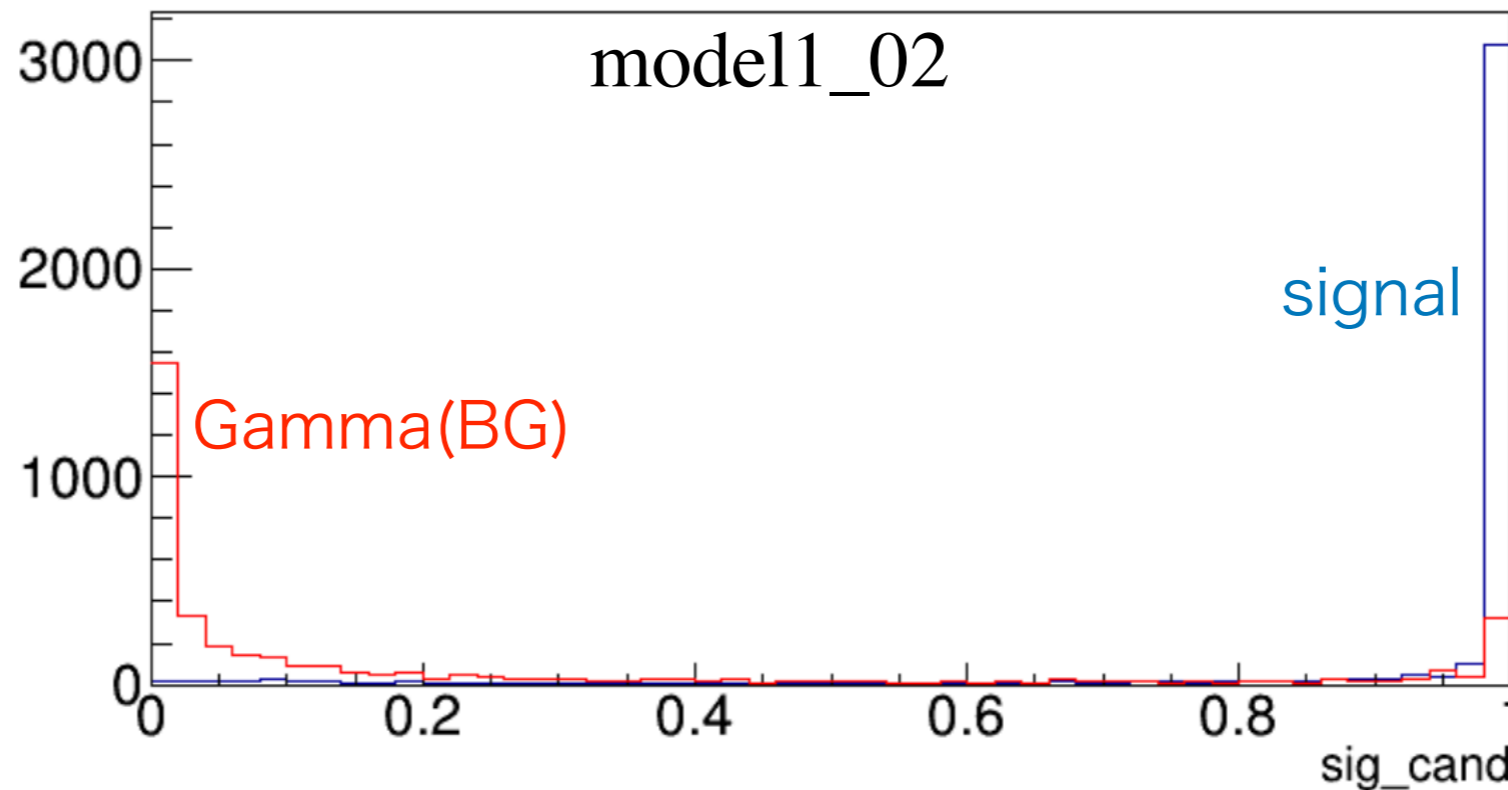


arXiv:1106.3630v1 [physics.ins-det] from NEXT paper



Topological information

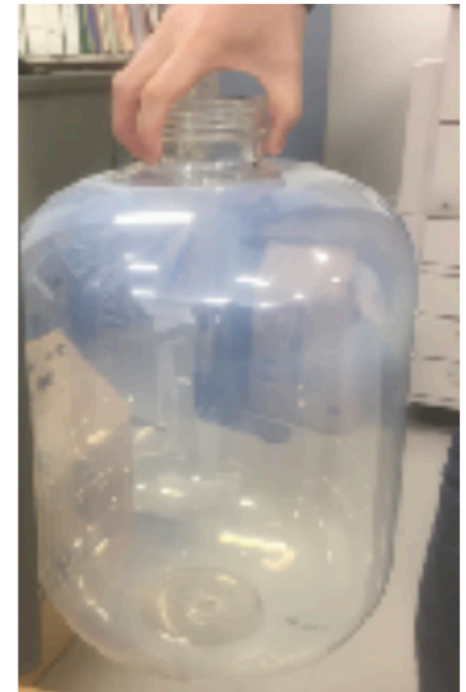
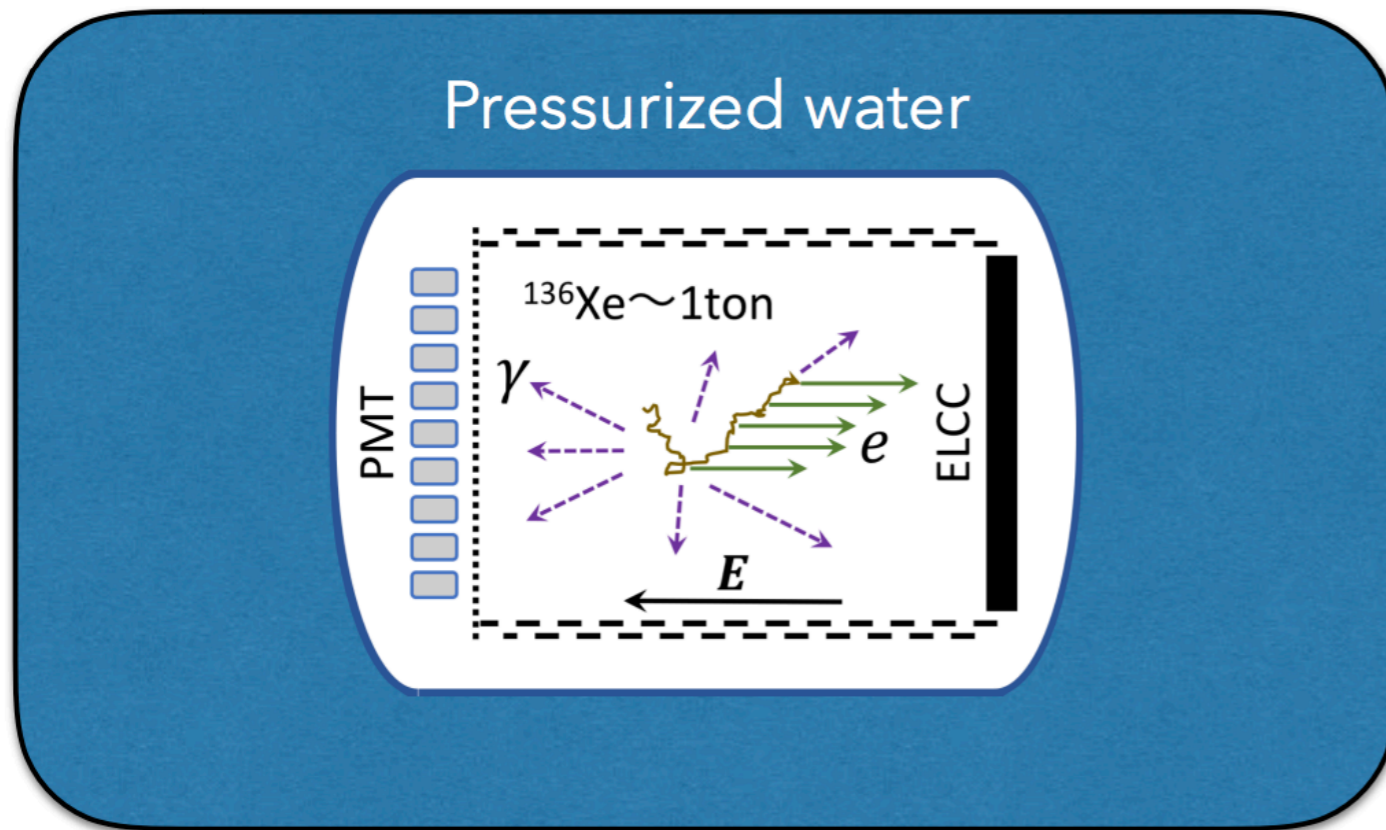
- Deep Learning is one of the options
- Learning with simulation of $0\nu\beta\beta$ and gamma-ray
- Pitch of readout cell is variable to optimization (performance vs costs...)
- Signal efficiency : 41% : BG : 121 evt/yr \rightarrow 3.2 evt/yr (1 ton Xe)
(assuming 10 tons of pressure vessel made of Oxygen-free Cu, 10mm-pitch readout)
- Estimated sensitivity : $m_{\beta\beta} = 32$ meV (1 ton yr Xe, 10 mm-pitch)



Future prospect

Further more...

- Pressurized water shield
 - water Cherenkov can be used for muon veto
 - thin pressure vessel to reduce mass \rightarrow reduce ^{214}Bi BG
- Active shield vessel
 - detects alpha and beta ray event of ^{214}Bi in the materials of vessel



Polyethylene Naphthalate

